

Faculty of Engineering & Technology

Radha Govind University

Sambhal (UP)



**Evaluation Scheme & Syllabus for
Common To All Branch
B.Tech. First Year (I & II Sem)
(Effective from session 2025-26)**

EVALUATION SCHEME

SEMESTER I

SUBJECT CODE	SUBJECT NAME	THEORY		PRACTICAL		TOTAL
		SESS.(30)	EXT.(70)	SESS.(25)	EXT.(25)	
UENGIAL101	Engineering Mathematics-I	30	70	NA	NA	NA
UENGIAL102	Engineering Physics-I	30	70	25	25	150
UENGIAL103	Engineering Chemistry	30	70	25	25	150
UBASIAL104	Basic Electrical Engineering	30	70	25	25	150
UCOMPAL105	Computer System & Programming in C	30	70	25	25	150

SEMESTER II

SUBJECT CODE	SUBJECT NAME	THEORY		PRACTICAL		TOTAL
		SESS.(30)	EXT.(70)	SESS.(25)	EXT.(25)	
BTCE-201	Engg. Maths-II	30	70	NA	NA	100
BTCE-202	Engineering Physics-II	30	70	25	25	150
BTCE-203	Elements of Mechanical Engg	30	70	25	25	150
BTCE-204	Professional Communication	30	70	25	25	150
BTCE-205	Basic Electronics	30	70	NA	NA	100

***Common To All Branch
(Faculty of Engineering & Technology)
Radha Govind University, Sambhal (UP)***

I Year I Semester

UENGIAL101- ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS – I

Unit - 1: Differential Calculus – I

Successive Differentiation, Leibnitz's theorem, Limit, Continuity and Differentiability of functions of several variables, Partial derivatives, Euler's theorem for homogeneous functions, Total derivatives, Change of variables, Curve tracing: Cartesian and Polar coordinates.

Unit - 2: Differential Calculus - II

Taylor's and Maclaurin's Theorem, Expansion of function of several variables, Jacobian, Approximation of errors, Extrema of functions of several variables, Lagrange's method of multipliers (Simple applications).

Unit - 3: Matrix Algebra

Types of Matrices, Inverse of a matrix by elementary transformations, Rank of a matrix (Echelon & Normal form), Linear dependence, Consistency of linear system of equations and their solution, Characteristic equation, Eigen values and Eigen vectors, Cayley-Hamilton Theorem, Diagonalization, Complex and Unitary Matrices and its properties

Unit - 4: Multiple Integrals

Double and triple integrals, Change of order of integration, Change of variables, Application of integration to lengths, Surface areas and Volumes – Cartesian and Polar coordinates. Beta and Gamma functions, Dirichlet's integral and its applications.

Unit - 5: Vector Calculus

Point function, Gradient, Divergence and Curl of a vector and their physical interpretations, Vector identities, Tangent and Normal, Directional derivatives. Line, Surface and Volume integrals, Applications of Green's, Stoke's and Gauss divergence theorems (without proof).

Text Books:

1. E. Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, John-Wiley & Sons
2. B. V. Ramana, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Tata McGraw- Hill Publishing Company Ltd.
3. R.K.Jain & S.R.K. Iyenger, Advance Engineering Mathematics, Narosa Publishing House.

Reference Books:

1. B.S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers.
2. Peter V. O'Neil, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Thomas (Cengage) Learning.
3. Thomas & Finley, Calculus, Narosa Publishing House
4. Rukmanadachari, Engineering Mathematics – I, Pearson Education.

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I Year I Semester

UENGIAL-102ENGINEERING PHYSICS-I

Unit – I: Relativistic Mechanics

Inertial & non-inertial frames, Galilean transformations, Michelson-Morley experiment, Einstein's postulates, Lorentz transformation equations, Length contraction & Time dilation, Relativistic addition of velocities; Variation of mass with velocity, Mass energy equivalence, Concept of rest mass of photon.

Unit – II: Modern Physics.

Black body radiation spectrum, Weins law and Rayleigh-Jeans law, Assumption of quantum theory of radiation, Planck's law. Wave-particle duality, de-Broglie matter waves, Bohr's quantization rule, Phase and Group velocities, Davisson-Germer experiment, Heisenberg uncertainty principle and its applications, Wave function and its significance, Schrödinger's wave equation (Time dependent and time independent) – particle in one dimensional potential box, Eigen values and Eigen function.

Unit – III: Wave Optics.

Interference: Coherent sources, Interference in thin films (parallel and wedge shaped film), Newton's rings and its applications..

Diffraction: Single, double and N- Slit Diffraction, Diffraction grating, Grating spectra, dispersive power, Rayleigh's criterion and resolving power of grating.

Unit – IV: Polarization and Laser

Polarization: Phenomena of double refraction, Nicol prism, Production and analysis of plane, circular and elliptical polarized light, Retardation Plate, Optical Activity, Fresnel's theory, Specific rotation.

Laser: Spontaneous and stimulated emission of radiation, population inversion, Einstein's Coefficients, Concept of 3 and 4 level Laser, Construction and working of Ruby, He-Ne lasers and laser applications.

Unit – V: Fiber Optics and Holography

Fiber Optics: Fundamental ideas about optical fiber, Propagation mechanism, Acceptance angle and cone, Numerical aperture, Single and Multi Mode Fibers, Dispersion and Attenuation.

Holography: Basic Principle of Holography, Construction and reconstruction of Image on hologram and applications of holography.

Reference Books:

1. Concepts of Modern Physics - AurthurBeiser (Mc-Graw Hill)
2. Introduction to Special Theory of Relativity- Robert Resnick (Wielly)
3. Optics –AjoyGhatak(Tata McGraw Hill Education Private Ltd. New Delhi)
4. Optics - Brijlal& Subramanian (S. Chand)
5. Engineering Physics- C. Mani Naidu(Pearson)
6. Lasers Principles, Types and Applications- K R Nambiar (New Age)

UENGIAL-106 ENGINEERING PHYSICS LAB

List of Experiments

Any ten experiments, at least four from each group:

Group -A

1. To determine the wavelength of monochromatic light by Newton's ring.
2. To determine the wavelength of monochromatic light with the help of Fresnel's biprism.
3. To determine the focal length of two lenses by nodal slide and locate the position of cardinal points.
4. To determine the specific rotation of cane sugar solution using polarimeter.
5. To determine the wavelength of spectral lines using plane transmission grating.
6. To study the polarization of light by simple reflection using laser.
7. Measurement of Wavelength of a laser (He-Ne) light using single slit diffraction.

Group – B

8. To determine the specific resistance of a given wire using Carey Foster's bridge.
9. To study the variation of magnetic field along the axis of current carrying - Circular coil and then to estimate the radius of the coil.
10. To verify Stefan's Law by electrical method.
11. To calibrate the given ammeter and voltmeter by potentiometer.
12. To study the Hall effect and determine Hall coefficient, carrier density and - mobility of a given semiconductor using Hall effect set up.
13. To determine the energy band gap of a given semiconductor material.
14. To determine E.C.E. of copper using Tangent or Helmholtz galvanometer.
15. To draw hysteresis curve of a given sample of ferromagnetic material and from - this to determine magnetic susceptibility and permeability of the given specimen.
16. To determine the ballistic constant of a ballistic galvanometer.
17. To determine the coefficient of viscosity of a liquid.
18. Measurement of fiber attenuation and aperture of fiber.
19. High resistance by leakage method.
20. Magnetic Susceptibility of paramagnetic solution.

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I Year I Semester

UENGIAL-103ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY

- Unit-1** Molecular orbital theory and its applications to homo-nuclear diatomic molecules. Band theory of solids. Liquid crystals and its applications. Point defects in Solids. Structure and applications of Graphite and Fullerenes. Concepts of nano-materials and its applications
- Unit-2** Polymers: Basic concepts of polymer- blends and composites. Conducting and biodegradable polymers. Preparations and applications of some industrially important polymers (Buna N, Buna S, Neoprene, Nylon 6, Nylon 6,6, Terylene). General methods of synthesis of organometallic compound (Grignard Reagent) and their applications in polymerization.
- Unit-3** Electrochemistry: Galvanic cell, electrode potential, Lead storage battery. Corrosion, causes and its prevention. Setting and hardening of cement, applications of cement. Plaster of paris. Lubricants- Classification, mechanism and applications..
- Unit-4** Hardness of water. Disadvantage of hard water. Boiler troubles, Techniques for water softening; Lime-soda, Zeolite, Ion exchange resin, Reverse osmosis. Phase Rule and its application to water system.
- Unit-5** Fuels; Classification of fuels. Analysis of Coal. Determination of Calorific values (bomb calorimeter & Dulong's method). Biogas. Elementary ideas and simple applications of UV, Visible, IR and H1NMR spectral Techniques.

Textbook

1. Chemistry for Engineers, by S. Vairam and Suba Ramesh; Wiley India

Reference Books

1. Textbook of Engineering Chemistry by Dr. Gopal Krishna Bhatt, Acme Publishers
2. Chemistry (9th ed), by Raymond Chang, Tata McGraw-Hill
3. Chemistry Concepts and Applications by Steven S. Zumdahl; Cengage Learning
4. Engineering Chemistry, Wiley India
5. Engineering Chemistry Author: Abhijit Mallick, Viva Books
6. Text Book of Engineering Chemistry by Harsh Malhotra; Sonali Publications
7. Concise Inorganic Chemistry by J.D. Lee; Wiley India
8. Organic Chemistry (6 ed) by Morrison & Boyd; Pearson Education
9. Physical Chemistry by Gordon M. Barrow; Mc-Graw Hill
10. Organic Chemistry, Volume 1(6 ed) & 2 (5ed) by I. L. Finar; Pearson Education

UENGIAL-107 ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY

L T P- 002

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

1. Determination of alkalinity in the given water sample.
2. Determination of temporary and permanent hardness in water sample using EDTA .
3. Determination of available chlorine in bleaching powder.
4. Determination of chloride content in water sample.
5. Determination of iron content in the given solution by Mohr's method.
6. pH- metric titration.
7. Viscosity of an addition polymer like polyester by viscometer.
8. Determination of iron concentration in sample of water by colorimetric method.
The method involves the use of KCN as a chelating agent and the measurements are carried out at 480nm.
9. Element detection and functional group identification in organic compounds.
10. Preparation of Bakelite and Urea formaldehyde resin.

Note: Institute can replace two experiments from the aforesaid experiments as per

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I Year I Semester

UENGIAL-104BASIC ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

Unit-I : Electrical Circuit Analysis:

Introduction, Circuit Concepts: Concepts of network, Active and passive elements, Voltage and current sources, Concept of linearity and linear network, Unilateral and bilateral elements, Source transformation, Kirchoff's laws, Loop and nodal methods of analysis, Star-delta transformation, AC fundamentals: Sinusoidal, square and triangular waveforms – Average and effective values, Form and peak factors, Concept of phasors, phasor representation of sinusoidally varying voltage and current.

Unit-II: Steady- State Analysis of Single Phase AC Circuits:

Analysis of series and parallel RLCCircuits, Concept of Resonance in series & parallel circuits, bandwidth and quality factor; Apparent, active & reactive powers, Power factor, Concept of power factor improvement and its improvement (Simple numerical problems)

Network theorems (AC & DC with independent sources): Superposition theorem, Thevenin's theorem, Norton's theorem, Maximum Power Transfer theorem (Simple numerical problems)

Unit-III : Three Phase AC Circuits:

Three phase system-its necessity and advantages, Star and delta connections, Balanced supply and balanced load, Line and phase voltage/current relations, Three-phase power and its measurement (simple numerical problems).

Measuring Instruments: Types of instruments, Construction and working principles of PMMC and moving iron type voltmeters & ammeters, Single phase dynamometer wattmeter, Use of shunts and multipliers (Simple numerical problems on shunts and multipliers)

Unit-IV: Magnetic Circuit:

Magnetic circuit concepts, analogy between electric & magnetic circuits, B-H curve, Hysteresis and eddy current losses, Magnetic circuit calculations (Series & Parallel).

Single Phase Transformer: Principle of operation, Construction, EMF equation, Equivalent circuit, Power losses, Efficiency (Simple numerical problems), Introduction to auto transformer.

Unit-V: Electrical Machines:

DC machines:Principle & Construction, Types, EMF equation of generator and torque equation of motor, applications of DC motors (simple numerical problems)

Three Phase Induction Motor:Principle & Construction, Types, Slip-torque characteristics, Applications (Numerical problems related to slip only)

Single Phase Induction motor: Principle of operation and introduction to methods of starting,

Three Phase Synchronous Machines: Principle of operation of alternator and synchronous motor and their applications.

Text Books:

1. "Basic Electrical Engineering", S N Singh; Prentice Hall International
2. "Basic Electrical Engineering", KuldeepSahay, New Age International Publishers

Reference Books:

1. "Electrical and Electronics Technology", Edward Hughes; Pearson
2. "Engineering Circuit Analysis", W.H. Hayt&J.E. Kimerly; McGraw Hill

UBASIAL-108ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING LABORATORY

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

Note: A minimum of ten experiments from the following should be performed

1. Verification of Kirchhoff's laws
2. Verification of Superposition theorem
3. Verification of Thevenin's Theorem and Maximum Power Transfer Theorem.
4. Measurement of power and power factor in a single phase ac series inductive circuit and study improvement of power factor using capacitor
5. Study of phenomenon of resonance in RLC series circuit and obtain resonant frequency.
6. Connection and measurement of power consumption of a fluorescent lamp (tube light).
7. Measurement of power in 3- phase circuit by two wattmeter method and determination of its power factor for star as well as delta connected load.
8. Determination of parameters of ac single phase series RLC circuit
9. To observe the B-H loop of a ferromagnetic material in CRO.
10. Determination of (i) Voltage ratio (ii) polarity and (iii) efficiency by load test of a single phase transformer
11. Determination of efficiency of a dc shunt motor by load test
12. To study running and speed reversal of a three phase induction motor and record speed in both directions.

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I Year I Semester

UCOMPAL-105 COMPUTER SYSTEM AND PROGRAMMING IN C

Unit 1:

Basics of Computer: Introduction to digital computer, basic operations of computer, functional components of computer, Classification of computers.

Introduction to operating system: [DOS, Windows, Linux and Android] purpose, function, services and types.

Number system: Binary, octal and hexadecimal number systems, their mutual conversions, Binary arithmetic.

Basics of programming: Approaches to Problem Solving, Concept of algorithm and flow charts, Types of computer languages:- Machine Language, Assembly Language and High Level Language, Concept of Assembler, Compiler, Loader and Linker.

Unit 2:

Standard I/O in “C”, **Fundamental data types-** Character type, integer, short, long, unsigned, single and double floating point, Storage classes- automatic, register, static and external, Operators and expression using numeric and relational operators, mixed operands, type conversion, logical operators, bit operations, assignment operator, operator precedence and associativity.

Fundamentals of C programming: Structure of C program, writing and executing the first C program, Components of C language. Standard I/O in C.

Unit 3:

Conditional program execution: Applying if and switch statements, nesting if and else, use of break and default with switch, program loops and iterations: use of while, do while and for loops, multiple loop variables, use of break and continue statements.

Functions: Introduction, types of functions, functions with array, passing values to functions, recursive functions.

Unit 4:

Arrays: Array notation and representation, manipulating array elements, using multi dimensional arrays. Structure, union, enumerated data types

Unit 5:

Pointers: Introduction, declaration, applications File handling, standard C preprocessors, defining and calling macros, conditional compilation, passing values to the compiler.

Reference:

1. The C programming by Kernighan Brain W. and Ritchie Dennis M., Pearson Education .
2. Computer Basics and C Programming by V.Rajaraman , PHI Learning Pvt. Limited – 2015.
3. Programming in C by Kochan Stephen G. Pearson Education – 2015.
4. Computer Concepts and Programming in C by D.S. Yadav and Rajeev Khanna, New Age International Publication .
5. Computer Concepts and Programming in C by Vikas Gupta, Wiley India Publication
6. Computer Fundamentals and Programming in C. ReemaThareja, Oxford Publication
7. Computer Concepts and Programming in C, E Balaguruswami, McGraw Hill

UCOMPAL-109 COMPUTER PROGRAMMING LAB

1. WAP that accepts the marks of 5 subjects and finds the sum and percentage marks obtained by the student.
2. WAP that calculates the Simple Interest and Compound Interest. The Principal, Amount, Rate of Interest and Time are entered through the keyboard.
3. WAP to calculate the area and circumference of a circle.
4. WAP that accepts the temperature in Centigrade and converts into Fahrenheit using the formula $C/5=(F-32)/9$.
5. WAP that swaps values of two variables using a third variable.
6. WAP that checks whether the two numbers entered by the user are equal or not.
7. WAP to find the greatest of three numbers.
8. WAP that finds whether a given number is even or odd.
9. WAP that tells whether a given year is a leap year or not.
10. WAP that accepts marks of five subjects and finds percentage and prints grades according to the following criteria:
Between 90-100% ----- Print „A“
80-90% -----Print „B“
60-80% -----Print „C“
Below 60% ----- Print „D“
11. WAP that takes two operands and one operator from the user and perform the operation and prints the result by using Switch statement.
12. WAP to print the sum of all numbers up to a given number.
13. WAP to find the factorial of a given number.
14. WAP to print sum of even and odd numbers from 1 to N numbers.
15. WAP to print the Fibonacci series.
16. WAP to check whether the entered number is prime or not.
17. WAP to find the sum of digits of the entered number.
18. WAP to find the reverse of a number.
19. WAP to print Armstrong numbers from 1 to 100.
20. WAP to convert binary number into decimal number and vice versa.
21. WAP that simply takes elements of the array from the user and finds the sum of these elements.
23. WAP to find the minimum and maximum element of the array.
24. WAP to search an element in a array using Linear Search.
25. WAP to sort the elements of the array in ascending order using Bubble Sort technique.
26. WAP to add and multiply two matrices of order nxn.
27. WAP that finds the sum of diagonal elements of a mxn matrix.
28. WAP to implement strlen (), strcat (),strcpy () using the concept of Functions.
29. Define a structure data type TRAIN_INFO. The type contain Train No.: integer type Train name: string
Departure Time: aggregate type TIME Arrival Time : aggregate type TIME Start station: string End station :
string The structure type Time contains two integer members: hour and minute.
Maintain a train timetable and implement the following operations:
(i) List all the trains (sorted according to train number) that depart from a particular section.
(ii) List all the trains that depart from a particular station at a particular time.
(iii) List all the trains that depart from a particular station within the next one hour of a given time.
(iv) List all the trains between a pair of start station and end station.
30. WAP to swap two elements using the concept of pointers.
31. WAP to compare the contents of two files and determine whether they are same or not.
32. WAP to check whether a given word exists in a file or not. If yes then find the number of times it occurs.

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I Year II Semester

BTCE-201 ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS – II

Unit - 1: Ordinary Differential Equations

Linear differential equations of n th order with constant coefficients, Complementary function and Particular integral, Simultaneous linear differential equations, Solution of second order differential equations by changing dependent & independent variables, Method of variation of parameters, Applications to engineering problems (without derivation).

Unit - 2: Series Solution and Special Functions

Series solution of second order ordinary differential equations with variable coefficient (Frobenius method), Bessel and Legendre equations and their series solutions, Properties of Bessel function and Legendre polynomials.

Unit - 3: Laplace Transform

Laplace transform, Existence theorem, Laplace transforms of derivatives and integrals, Initial and final value theorems, Unit step function, Dirac- delta function, Laplace transform of periodic function, Inverse Laplace transform, Convolution theorem, Application to solve simple linear and simultaneous differential equations.

Unit - 4: Fourier series and Partial Differential Equations

Periodic functions, Dirichlet's Conditions, Fourier series of arbitrary periods, Euler's Formulae, Even and odd functions, Half range sine and cosine series, Gibbs Phenomena.

Solution of first order Lagrange's linear partial differential equations, Second order linear partial differential equations with constant coefficients.

Unit - 5: Applications of Partial Differential Equations

Classification of second order partial differential equations, Method of separation of variables for solving partial differential equations, Solution of one and two dimensional wave and heat conduction equations, Laplace equation in two dimension, Equation of transmission lines.

Text Books:

1. E. Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, John Wiley & Sons.
2. B. V. Ramana, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Tata McGraw- Hill Publishing Company Ltd.
3. R.K.Jain&S.R.K. Iyenger, Advance Engineering Mathematics, Narosa Publishing House.

Reference Books:

1. B.S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers.
2. Peter V. O' Neil, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Thomas (Cengage) Learning.
3. Chandrika Prasad, Advanced Mathematics for Engineers, Prasad Mudranalaya
4. A. C. Srivastava& P. K. Srivastava, Engineering Mathematics, Vol. – II, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
5. Rukmangadachari, Engineering Mathematics – II, Pearson Education.

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I Year II Semester

BTCE-202 ENGINEERING PHYSICS- II

Unit – I: Crystal Structures and X-ray Diffraction

Space lattice, basis, Unit cell, Lattice parameter, Seven crystal systems and Fourteen Bravais lattices, Co-ordination number, Atomic radius and Packing factor of different cubic structures, Crystal structure of NaCl and diamond, Lattice planes and Miller Indices, Diffraction of X-rays by crystal, Laue's experiment, Bragg's Law, Bragg's spectrometer. Compton Effect.

Unit – II: Dielectric and Magnetic Properties of Materials

Dielectric Properties: Dielectric constant and Polarization of dielectric materials, Relation between E, D and P, Types of Polarization (Polarizability). Equation of internal fields in liquid and solid (One-Dimensional), Clausius-Mossotti equation, Frequency dependence of dielectric constant, Dielectric Losses, Important applications of dielectric material, Ferroelectricity, Piezoelectricity.

Magnetic Properties: Magnetization, Origin of magnetic moment, Dia, para and ferro magnetism, Langevin's theory for diamagnetic material, Phenomena of hysteresis and its applications.

Unit – III: Electromagnetic Theory

Equation of continuity, Maxwell's Equations (Integral and Differential Forms) and its derivations, Displacement Current, Poynting vector and Poynting theorem, EM - Wave equation and its propagation characteristics in free space, non-conducting and conducting media, energy density of electromagnetic wave, Skin depth.

Unit – IV: Band Theory of Solids

Free electron Theory, Formation of bands in Solids, Classification of solids on band theory, Density of states, Fermi-Dirac distribution, Concept of effective mass, Charge carrier density (electrons and holes), Conductivity of semiconductors, carrier concentrations Fermi energy, Position of Fermi level in intrinsic and in extrinsic semiconductors. Temperature dependence of conductivity in semiconductors.

Unit – V: Physics of some technologically important Materials

Superconductors: Temperature dependence of resistivity in superconducting materials, Effect of magnetic field (Meissner effect), Temperature dependence of critical field, London equations, Josephson theory, persistent currents, Type I and Type II superconductors, BCS theory (Qualitative), High temperature superconductors and Applications of Super-conductors.

Nano-Materials: Basic principle of nanoscience and technology, structure, properties and uses of Fullerene, Carbon nanotubes Single and double walled nanotubes, synthesis of nanotubes, Properties and Applications of nanotubes.

Reference books:

1. Concept of Modern Physics - by Beiser (Tata Mc-Graw Hill)
2. Solid State Physics - by C. Kittel, 7th edition (Wiley Eastern)
3. Materials Science and Engineering - by V. Raghavan (Prentice- Hall India)
4. Solid State Physics - by S.O. Pillai, 5th edition (New Age International)
5. Introduction to Electrodynamics - by David J. Griffith (PH I)
6. Engineering Physics- C. Mani Naidu(Pearson)
7. Applied Physics for Engineers- Neeraj Mehta (PHI Learning, New

PROFESSIONAL COMMUNICATION LABORATORY PRACTICALS

Interactive and Communicative Practical with emphasis on Oral Presentation/Spoken Communication based on International Phonetic Alphabets (I.P.A)

LIST OF PRACTICALS

1. Group Discussion: Practical based on Accurate and Current Grammatical Patterns.
2. Conversational skills for Interviews under suitable Professional Communication Lab conditions with emphasis on Kinesics.
3. Communication Skills for Seminars/Conferences/Workshops with emphasis on Paralinguistics / Kinesics.
4. Presentation Skills of Technical Paper/Project Reports/Professional Reports based on proper Stress and Intonation Mechanics.
5. Official /Public Speaking based on Rhythmic Patterns.
6. Theme-Presentation /Key-Note Presentation based on correct argumentation methodologies.
7. Individual Speech Delivery/Conferences with skills to defend Interjections/Quizzes.
8. Argumentative Skills/Role Play Presentation with Stress and Intonation.
9. Comprehensions Skills based on Reading and Listening Practical on a model Audio-Visual Usage.

Reference Books

1. Bansal R.K.& Harrison: Phonetics in English, Orient Longman , New Delhi.
2. Sethi & Dhamija: A Course in Phonetics and Spoken English, Prentice Hall, New Delhi.
3. L.U.B. Pandey&R.P.Singh, A Manual of Practical Communication, A.I.T.B.S. Pub. India Ltd. Krishan Nagar, Delhi.
4. Joans Daniel, English Pronouncing Dictionary, Cambridge Univ. Press.

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BTCE-203 ELEMENTS OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

UNIT-I:

Force System: Force, Parallelogram Law, Lami's theorem, Principle of Transmissibility of forces. Moment of a force, Couple, Varignon's theorem, Resolution of a force into a force and a couple. Resultant of coplanar force system. Equilibrium of coplanar force system, Free body diagrams, Determination of reactions.

Concept of Centre of Gravity and Centroid and Area Moment of Inertia, Perpendicular axis theorem and Parallel axis theorem

UNIT-II:

Plane Truss: Perfect and imperfect truss, Assumptions and Analysis of Plane Truss by Method of joints and Method of section.

Beams: Types of beams, Statically Determinate Beams, Shear force and bending moment in beams, Shear force and bending moment diagrams, Relationships between load, shear and bending moment.

UNIT-III:

Simple stress and strain: Normal and shear stresses. One Dimensional Loading; members of varying cross section, bars in series. Tensile Test diagram for ductile and brittle materials, Elastic constants, Strain energy.

Bending (Flexural) Stresses: theory of pure bending, neutral surface and neutral axis, stresses in beams of different cross sections.

Engineering Materials: Importance of engineering materials, classification, mechanical properties and applications of Ferrous, Nonferrous and composite materials.

UNIT-IV:

Basic Concepts and Definitions of Thermodynamics: Introduction and definition of thermodynamics, Microscopic and Macroscopic approaches, System, surrounding and universe, Concept of continuum, Thermodynamic equilibrium, Thermodynamic properties, path, process and cycle, Quasi static process, Energy and its forms, Work and heat. Thermodynamic definition of work.

Zeroth law of thermodynamics: Temperature and its measurement.

First law of thermodynamics: First law of thermodynamics, Internal energy and enthalpy. First law analysis for non-flow processes. Non-flow work Steady flow energy equation; Boilers, Condensers, Turbine, Throttling process, Pumps etc.

UNIT-V:

Second law: Thermal reservoir, Kelvin Planck statement, Heat engines, Efficiency; Clausius' statement Heat pump, refrigerator, Coefficient of Performance. Carnot cycle, Carnot theorem and its corollaries. Clausius inequality, Concept of Entropy.

Properties of pure substances: P-v, T-s and h-s diagram, dryness fraction and steam tables. Rankine Cycle.

Internal Combustion Engines: Classification of I.C. Engines and their parts, working principle and comparison between 2 Stroke and 4 stroke engine, difference between SI and CI engines. P-v and T-s diagrams of Otto and Diesel cycles, comparison of efficiency.

Books & References:

1. Engineering Mechanics: Statics by J.LMeriam , Wiley
2. Engineering Mechanics : Statics and Dynamics by R. C. Hibbler, Pearson
3. Strength of Materials by Thimoshenko& Young
4. Mechanics of Solid by R. C. Hibbler, Pearson
5. Engineering Thermodynamics by P.K.Nag, McGraw Hill
6. Thermodynamics An Engineering Approach by Cengel& Boles, McGraw Hill
7. Engineering Thermodynamics by P. Chattopadhyay, OXFORD Publication
8. Internal Combustion Engine by V Ganesan, McGraw Hill Pub .
9. An Introduction to Mechanical Engineering by Wickert& Lewis, Cengage Learning
10. Engineering Mechanics By S. S. Bhavikatti, K. G. Rajashekarappa, New Age International
11. Engineering Mechanics by R K Bansal, Laxmi Publications
12. Fundamentals of Mechanical Engineering by Sawhney, PHI
13. Basic Mechanical Engineering by Pravin Kumar, Pearson

ELEMENTS OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING LAB

Note: Any 10 experiments (Minimum of 3 from each module) are to be conducted.

Module 1:

1. To conduct the tensile test and determine the ultimate tensile strength, percentage elongation for a mild steel specimen.
2. To conduct the Impact-tests (Izod / Charpy) on Impact-testing machine to find the Impact Strength of the specimen.
3. To determine the hardness of the given specimen using Vicker/Brinell/Rockwell hardness testing machine.
4. To conduct experiment on Torsion of Rod/wire.

Module 2:

1. To Study the working of 2 stroke Diesel/Petrol engine.
2. To Study and working of 4 stroke Petrol/Diesel engine.
3. To Study the model of Babcock and Wilcox and Lancashire boiler.
4. To Study various types of Mounting and Accessories of Boilers.

Module 3:

1. To verify the parallelogram, and Triangle law.
2. To verify the polygon law of force.
3. To determine the coefficient of friction on inclined surface.
4. To determine the efficiency and Mechanical Advantage of Worm & Worm-wheel.
5. To conduct experiment on Force Analysis on simple truss and Jib-crane Apparatus.
6. To conduce friction experiment on screw-jack.

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I Year II Semester

BTCE-204 PROFESSIONAL COMMUNICATION

Unit-1
Fundamentals of
Communications

Technical Communication: features: Distinction between General And Technical Communication; Language as a tool of communications; Levels of communication: Interpersonal, Organizational, Mass communication; The flow of communication: Downward, Upward, Lateral/Horizontal (Peer group) : Importance of technical communication; Barriers to Communication.

Unit-II
Written
Communication

Words and Phrases: Word formation, Synonyms and Antonyms; Homophones; Select vocabulary of about 500-1000 New words; correct Usage: all Parts of Speech; Modals; Concord; Articles; Infinitives; Transformation of sentences; Requisites f Sentence Construction: Paragraph Development: Techniques and Methods- Inductive, Deductive, Spatial , Linear, Chronological etc.

Unit-III
Business
Communication

Principles, Sales & Credit letters; Claim and Adjustment Letters; Job Application and Resumes. Reports: Types; Significance; Structure, Style & Writing of Reports. Technical Proposal; Parts; Types; Writing of Proposal; Significance; Negotiation skills.

Unit-IV
Presentation
Strategies and Soft
Skills.

Nuances and Modes of Delivery; Body Language; Dimensions of Speech: Syllable; Accent; Pitch; Rhythm; Intonation; Paralinguistic features of voice; Interpersonal communication: Definition; Types; Team work; Attitude; Way to improve Attitude Listening Skills : Types; Methods for improving Listening Skills.

Unit –V
Value- Based
Text Readings

Following essays from the prescribed text book with emphasis on Mechanics of writing.
(i) Humanistic and Scientific Approaches to Human Activity by Moody E. Prior
(ii) The Language of Literature and Science by A. Huxley
(iii) Man and Nature by J. Bronowski
(iv) Science and Survival by Barry Commoner
(v) The Mother of the Sciences by A.J. Bahm.

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I Year II Semester

BTCE-205 BASIC ELECTRONICS

Unit I PNP-N junction diode: Introduction of Semiconductor Materials Semiconductor Diode: Depletion layer, V-I characteristics, ideal and practical, diode resistance, capacitance, Diode Equivalent Circuits, Transition and Diffusion Capacitance, Zener Diodes breakdown mechanism (Zener and avalanche) Diode Application: Series, Parallel and Series, Parallel Diode Configuration, Half and Full Wave rectification, Clippers, Clampers, Zener diode as shunt regulator, Voltage-Multiplier Circuits Special Purpose two terminal Devices :Light-Emitting Diodes, Varactor (Varicap) Diodes, Tunnel Diodes, Liquid-Crystal Displays.

Unit-II Bipolar Junction Transistors and Field Effect Transistor: Bipolar Junction Transistor: Transistor Construction, Operation, Amplification action. Common Base, Common Emitter, Common Collector Configuration DC Biasing BJTs: Operating Point, Fixed-Bias, Emitter Bias, Voltage-Divider Bias Configuration. Collector Feedback, Emitter-Follower Configuration. Bias Stabilization. CE, CB, CC amplifiers and AC analysis of single stage CE amplifier (re Model). Field Effect Transistor: Construction and Characteristic of JFETs. AC analysis of CS amplifier, MOSFET (Depletion and Enhancement)Type, Transfer Characteristic,

Unit- III Operational Amplifiers: Introduction and Block diagram of Op Amp, Ideal & Practical characteristics of Op Amp, Differential amplifier circuits, Practical Op-Amp Circuits (Inverting Amplifier, Non inverting Amplifier, Unity Gain Amplifier, Summing Amplifier, Integrator, Differentiator).

OPAMP Parameters: Input offset voltage, Output offset voltage, Input biased current, Input offset current Differential and Common-Mode Operation

Unit- IV Electronic Instrumentation and Measurements: Digital Voltmeter : Introduction, RAMP Techniques Digital Multimeters: Introduction Oscilloscope: Introduction, Basic Principle, CRT, Block Diagram of Oscilloscope, Simple CRO, Measurement of voltage, current phase and frequency using CRO, Introduction of Digital Storage Oscilloscope and Comparison of DSO with Analog Oscilloscope.

Unit- V Fundamentals of Communication Engineering: Elements of a Communication System, Need of Modulation, Electromagnetic spectrum and typical applications. Basics of Signal Representation and Analysis, Introduction of various analog modulation techniques, Fundamentals of amplitude modulation, Modulation and Demodulation Techniques of AM.

Text Books:

1. H S Kalsi, "Electronic Instrumentation", Latest Edition, TMH Publication,.
2. George Kennedy, "Electronic Communication Systems", Latest Edition, TMH

Reference Books:

1. David A. Bell, "*Electronic Devices and Circuits*", Latest Edition, Oxford University Press.
2. Jacob Millman, C.C. Halkias, StayabrataJit, "*Electronic Devices and Circuits*", Latest Edition, TMH.

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Evaluation Scheme & Syllabus for
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B.Tech. Second Year (III & IV Sem)
(Effective from session 2025-26)

EVALUATION SCHEME

SEMESTER III						
SUBJECT CODE	SUBJECT NAME	THEORY		PRACTICAL		TOTAL
		SESS.(30)	EXT.(70)	SESS.(65)	EXT.(65)	
UENGICE-301	Mathematics-III	30	70	NA	NA	100
UFLUICE-302	Fluid Mechanics	30	70	25	25	150
UBUILCE-303	Building Material & Construction	30	70	25	25	150
UMECHCE-304	Mechanics of solid	30	70	NA	NA	100
USURVCE-305	Surveying	30	70	25	25	150
UENVICE-306	Environment & Ecology	30	70	NA	NA	100
UFLUICE-310	Computer Based Statistical & Numerical Techniques Lab	NA	NA	25	25	50
SEMESTER -IV						
SUBJECT CODE	SUBJECT NAME	THEORY		PRACTICAL		TOTAL
		SESS.(30)	EXT.(70)	SESS.(65)	EXT.(65)	
BTCE-401	Nano Science	30	70	NA	NA	100
BTCE-402	Structural Analysis	30	70	25	25	150
BTCE-403	Geo-informatics	30	70	25	25	150
BTCE-404	Hydraulics & Hydraulic Machines	30	70	25	25	150
BTCE-405	Data Structure	30	70	NA	NA	100
BTCE-406	Universal Human Value & Professional Ethics	30	70	NA	NA	100
BTCE-407	Building Planning & Drawing Lab	NA	NA	25	25	50

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UENGICE-301: ENGINEERING MATHS- III

UNIT I

Numerical Techniques – I: Zeroes of transcendental and polynomial equations, Bisection method, Regula-falsi method, Newton-Raphson method, Rate of convergence of above methods.
Interpolation: Finite differences, Newton's forward and backward interpolation. Lagrange's and Newton's divided difference formula for unequal intervals.

UNIT II

Numerical Techniques –II: Solution of system of linear equations, Matrix Decomposition methods, Jacobi method, Gauss- Seidal method.
Numerical differentiation & Integration: Trapezoidal rule, Simpson's one third and three-eight rules, Solution of ordinary differential equations (first order, second order and simultaneous) by Euler's, Picard's and fourth-order Runge- Kutta methods.

UNIT III

Statistical Techniques: Moments, Moment generating functions, Skewness, Kurtosis, Curve fitting, Method of least squares, Fitting of straight lines, Polynomials, Exponential curves, Correlation, Linear, non – linear and multiple regression analysis, Binomial, Poisson and Normal distributions. Tests of significations: Chi-square test, t-test.

UNIT IV

Function of Complex variable: Analytic function, C-R equations, Harmonic Functions, Cauchy's integral theorem, Cauchy's integral formula, Derivatives of analytic functions, Taylor's and Laurent's series, Singularities, Zeroes and Poles, Residue theorem.

UNIT V

Integral Transforms: Fourier integral, Complex Fourier transform, Inverse Transforms, Convolution Theorems, Fourier sine and cosine transform, Applications of Fourier transform to simple one dimensional heat transfer equations, wave equations and Laplace equations, Z-Transform and its application to solve difference equation.

Text Books:

1. R.K. Jain & S.R.K. Iyenger, Advance Engineering Mathematics, Narosa Publication House..
2. Jain, Iyenger Jain, Numerical Methods for Scientific and Engineering Computation, New Age International, New Delhi
3. J.N. Kapur, Mathematical Statistics, S. Chand & company Ltd.

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UFLUICE302: FLUID MECHANICS

UNIT I

Fluid and continuum, Physical properties of fluids, Rheology of fluids. Pressure-density-height relationship, manometers, pressure transducers, pressure on plane and curved surfaces, centre of pressure, buoyancy, stability of immersed and floating bodies, fluid masses subjected to linear acceleration and uniform rotation about an axis.

UNIT II

Types of fluid flows: Continuum & free molecular flows. Steady and unsteady, uniform and non-uniform, laminar and turbulent flows, rotational and irrotational flows, compressible and incompressible flows, subsonic, sonic and supersonic flows, sub-critical, critical and supercritical flows, one, two and three dimensional flows, streamlines, continuity equation for 3D and 1D flows, circulation, stream function and velocity potential.

UNIT III

Potential Flow: source, sink, doublet and half-body. Equation of motion along a streamline and its integration, Bernoulli's equation and its applications- Pitot tube, orifice meter, venturimeter and bend meter, notches and weirs, momentum equation and its application to pipe bends. resistance to flow, Minor losses in pipe in series and parallel, power transmission through a pipe, siphon, water hammer, three reservoir problems and pipe networks.

UNIT IV

Equation of motion for laminar flow through pipes, Stokes' law, transition from laminar to turbulent flow, turbulent flow, types of turbulent flow, isotropic, homogenous turbulence, scale and intensity of turbulence, measurement of turbulence, eddy viscosity, mixing length concept and velocity distribution in turbulent flow over smooth and rough surfaces, Boundary layer thickness, boundary layer over a flat plate, laminar boundary layer, application of momentum equation, turbulent boundary layer, laminar sub-layer, separation and its control.

UNIT V

Drag and lift, drag on a sphere, a two dimensional cylinder, and an aerofoil, Magnus effect. Similarity Laws: geometric, kinematics and dynamic similarity, undistorted and distorted model studies, Dimensional analysis, Buckingham's Pi theorem, important dimensionless numbers and their significance.

References:

1. Hibbler, "Fluid Mechanics in SI Units" 1/e Pearson Education, Noida.
2. Fox & Donald, "Introduction to Fluid Mechanics" John Wiley & Sons Pvt Ltd,
3. Cengel & Cimbala, "Fluid Mechanics" TMH, New Delhi.
4. Katz, "Introductory Fluid Mechanics" Cambridge University Press
5. Pnueli & Gutfinger, "Fluid Mechanics" Cambridge University Press
6. Modi & Seth "Hydraulics & Fluid Mechanics" Standard Publications.
7. Gupta, "Fluid Mechanics & Hydraulic Machines" Pearson Education, Noida

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UFLUICE 307 FM LIST OF PRACTICAL

1. To verify the momentum equation using the experimental set-up on impact of jet.
2. To determine the coefficient of discharge of an orifice of a given shape. Also to determine the coefficient of velocity and the coefficient of contraction of the orifice mouth piece.
3. To calibrate an orifice meter and study the variation of the co-efficient of discharge with the Reynolds number.
4. To calibrate a Venturimeter and study the variation of the co-efficient of discharge with the Reynolds number.
5. To calibrate a bend meter and study the variation of the co-efficient of discharge with the Reynolds number.
6. To draw a flow-net using Electrical Analogy Method.
7. To study the transition from laminar to turbulent flow and to determine the lower critical Reynolds number.
8. To study the velocity distribution in a pipe and also to compute the discharge by integrating the velocity profile.
9. To study the variation of friction factor, „f“ for turbulent flow in commercial pipes.
10. To study the boundary layer velocity profile over a flat plate and to determine the boundary layer thickness.

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UBUILCE303: BUILDING MATERIALS & CONSTRUCTION

UNIT I

Scope of Study of building Materials: building materials and their performance, economics of the building materials. **Stones:** Requirement of good building stone, characteristics of building stone sand their testing. Common building stones. Methods of preservation of stones. **Bricks:** Manufacturing process of clay bricks, classification of clay bricks. Properties of clay bricks, testing methods for clay bricks. Problems of efflorescence & lime bursting in bricks & tiles. **Gypsum:** properties of gypsum plaster, building products made of gypsum and their uses. **Lime:** Manufacture of lime, classifications of limes, properties of lime. **Cement:** Raw materials used, Process of Manufacturing, Chemical composition, compounds formed and their effect on strength, Types of cement, Testing of cement properties, Uses of cement. **Cement Concrete:** Constituent materials and their properties, Grades of concrete, Factors affecting strength, Properties of concrete at fresh and hardened stage, Testing of concrete, Methods of Curing of concrete. **Pozzolona:** Chemical composition and requirements for uses, Natural and Artificial flyash, Surkhi(burnt clay pozzolona), rice husk and ash pozzolona, properties and specifications for use in construction. **Timber:** Classification and identification of timber, Fundamental Engineering Properties of timber, Defects in timber, Factor saffecting strength of timber, Methods of seasoning and preservation of timber. Wood based products. **Asphalt:** Bitumen and Tar: Terminology, specifications and uses, Bituminous materials.

UNIT II

Plastics: classification, advantages of plastics, Mechanical properties and use of plastic in construction. **Paint svarnishes and distempers:** Common constituents, types and desirable properties, Cement paints. **Ferrous metals:** Desirable characteristics of reinforcing steel. Principles of cold working. Reinforcings telemechanical and physical Properties chemical composition. Brief discussion on properties and uses of Aluminum and lead. **Glass:** Ingredients, properties types and use in construction. **Insulating Materials:** Thermal and sound insulating material, desirable properties and types.

UNIT III

Buildings: Components of building, area considerations, Construction Principle and Methods for layout, Damp proofing, ant termite treatment in buildings, Vertical circulation means: stair cases and their types, design and construction. Different types of floors, and flooring materials (Ground floor and upper floors). Bricks and stone masonry construction. Cavity wall & hollow block construction.

UNIT IV

Doors and Windows: Construction details, types of doors and windows and their relative advantages & disadvantages. Types of roof and roof treatments, Lintel sand Chhajja, Principles of building Planning.

UNIT V

Natural Ventilation, Water Supply and Sanitary fittings (Plumbing), Electric Fittings. Heating Ventilation & Air conditioning (HVAC), Mechanical Lifts and Escalators, Fire Fighting and Fire Protection of Buildings. Acoustics. Plastering and its types, pointing, Distempering, Colour washing, Painting etc. Principles & Methods of building maintenance.

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UBUILCE308 BUILDING MATERIALS LAB

Testing of various properties of following materials as per BIS specifications

I. Cement

1. Normal Consistency of cement.
2. Initial & final setting time of cement
3. Compressive strength of cement
4. Fineness of cement by air permeability and Le-chatalier's apparatus.
5. Soundness of cement.
6. Tensile strength

II. Coarse Aggregate

1. Water absorption of aggregate
2. Sieve Analysis of Aggregate
3. Specific gravity & bulk density
4. Grading of aggregates.

III Fine Aggregate:

1. Sieve analysis of sand
2. Silt content of sand
3. Bulking of sand

IV Bricks:

1. Water absorption.
2. Compressive strength
3. Efflorescence
4. Efflorescence

References:

1. SK Duggal, "Building Materials" New Age International
2. Purushothama Raj, "Building Construction Materials & Techniques" Pearson Edu.
4. Rangwala, "Building Materials" Charotar Publishing House.

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III Semester

UMECHCE 304: MECHANICS OF SOLIDS

UNIT I

Compound stress and strains: Introduction, normal stress and strain, shear stress and strain, stresses on inclined sections, strain energy, impact loads and stresses, state of plane stress, principal stress and strain, maximum shear stress, Mohr's stress circle, three dimensional states of stress & strain, equilibrium equations, generalized Hooke's law, theories of failure. Thermal Stress.

UNIT II

Stresses in Beams: Pure Bending, normal stresses in beams, shear stresses in beams due to transverse and axial loads, composite beams. **Deflection of Beams:** Equation of elastic curve, cantilever and simply supported beams, Macaulay's method, area moment method, fixed and continuous beams.

Torsion: Torsion combined bending & torsion of solid & hollow shafts, torsion of thin walled tubes.

UNIT III

Helical and Leaf Springs: Deflection of springs by energy method, helical springs under axial load and under axial twist (respectively for circular and square cross sections) axial load and twisting moment acting simultaneously both for open and closed coiled springs, laminated springs.

Columns and Struts: Buckling and stability, slenderness ratio, combined bending and direct stress, middle third and middle quarter rules, struts with different end conditions, Euler's theory for pin ended columns, effect of end conditions on column buckling, Rankine Gordon formulae, examples of columns in mechanical equipment's and machines.

UNIT IV

Thin cylinders & spheres: Introduction, difference between thin walled and thick walled pressure vessels, thin walled spheres and cylinders, hoop and axial stresses and strain, volumetric strain.

Thick cylinders:

Radial, axial and circumferential stresses in thick cylinders subjected to internal or external pressures, compound cylinders, stresses in rotating shaft and cylinders, stresses due to interference fits.

UNIT V

Curved Beams: Bending of beams with large initial curvature, position of neutral axis for rectangular, trapezoidal and circular cross sections, stress in crane hooks, stress in circular rings subjected to tension or compression.

Unsymmetrical Bending: Properties of beam cross-section, slope of neutral axis, stress and deflection in unsymmetrical bending, determination of shear center and flexural axis (for symmetry about both axis and about one axis) for I-section and channel section.

Books and References:

1. Strength of Material by Rattan, MCGRAW HILL INDIA
2. Mechanics of material by Gere, Cengage Learning
3. Mechanics of Materials by Beer, Jhonston, DEwolf and Mazurek, MCGRAW HILL INDIA
4. Strength of Materials by Pytel and Singer, Harper Collins
- 5 . Strength of Materials by Jindal, Pearson Education.

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USURVCE 305: SURVEYING

UNIT I

Surveying: definition, divisions, classification and principles of surveying. Scales: plain, vernier, diagonal, plan and map. Accuracy and errors: definitions, sources and kinds of errors, application of probability for computation of errors, laws of weights.

UNIT II

Linear measurement: chain and tape surveying, types of chain and tape, ranging, obstacles and tape correction. Compass surveying: Measurement of directions, Reference meridians, bearing and azimuths, local attraction. Theodolite survey: Vernier theodolite, Measurements of horizontal and vertical angles, Horizontal Control, working of Electronic Theodolites.

UNIT III

Leveling: Methods of determining elevations, Direct levelling- basic terms and definitions, principle, booking and reduction of field notes, curvature and refraction correction, use of Automatic level, Digital Level, Vertical Control. Contouring: contours, contour interval, horizontal equivalent, characteristics, methods and interpolation, use to prepare profiles. Tachometry: Principles of stadia systems, subtense bar and tangential methods.

UNIT IV

Traversing and triangulation: Principles of traversing by compass and theodolite, computations of traverse coordinates, omitted measurements, Principles and classification of triangulation systems, strength of figures, satellite stations, and triangulation field work. Introduction to modern surveying Instruments /Techniques like total station.

UNIT V

Elements of simple circular curves, theory and methods of setting out simple circular curves, transition curves- types and their characteristics, ideal transition curve, equations of various transition curves, Introduction to vertical curves. Survey Layout for culverts, canals, bridges, road/railway alignment and buildings.

References:

1. Schofield, "Engineering Surveying" 6/e, CRC Press Taylor & Francis Group.
2. BC Punamia et al: Surveying Vol. I, II, Laxmi Publicatio
3. Bannister, "Surveying" 7/e, Pearson Education, Noida.
4. AM Chandra: Plane Surveying, Higher Surveying, Narosa Pub.
5. AK Dey Plain Survey, S Chand
6. SK Duggal: Surveying Vol. I, II.
7. R Subramanian : Surveying & Leveling , Oxford University Press
8. C Venkatramaih : Text Book of Surveying , University Press
9. Charles D. Ghilani, Elementary Surveying Pearson Education

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USURVCE-309: SURVEYING LAB

1. To prepare conventional symbol chart based on the study of different types of topographical maps.
2. To measure bearings of a closed traverse by prismatic compass and to adjust the traverse by graphical method.
3. To find out reduced levels of given points using Auto/dumpy level.
4. To perform fly leveling with Auto/tilting level.
5. To study parts of a Vernier theodolite and measurement of horizontal and vertical angle.
6. To measure horizontal angle between two objects by repetition/reiteration method.
7. To determine the height of a vertical structure (e.g. chimney/ water tank etc.) using trigonometrical leveling by taking observations in single vertical plane.
8. To study various parts of Electronic Theodolite, Total Station and practice for measurement of distance, horizontal and vertical angles.
9. To set out a simple circular curve by Rankine's method.
10. To plot contour map of given area

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UENVICE 306: ENVIRONMENT & ECOLOGY

UNIT-I Definition, Scope & Importance, Need for Public Awareness• Environment definition, Eco system - Balanced ecosystem, Human activities - Food, Shelter, Economic and social Security. Effects of human activities on environment• Agriculture, Housing, Industry, Mining and Transportation activities, Basis of Environmental Impact Assessment. Sustainable Development.

UNIT-II Natural Resources Water Resources• Availability and Quality aspects. Water borne diseases, Water Induced diseases, Fluoride problem in drinking water. Mineral Resources, Forest Wealth, Material Carbon, Nitrogen and Sulphur Cycles.

Energy - Different types of energy, Electromagnetic radiation. Conventional and Non- Conventional sources - Hydro Electric, Fossil Fuel based Nuclear, Solar, Biomass and Bio.gas. Hydrogen gas and alternative future source of Energy.

UNIT-III Environmental Pollution and their effects. Water pollution, Land pollution. Noise pollution, Public Health aspects, Air Pollution, Solid waste management, e-waste management Current Environmental Issues of Importance: Population Growth, Climate Change and Global warming- Effects, Urbanization, Automobile pollution. Acid Rain Ozone Layer depletion, Animal Husbandry,

UNIT-IV Environment-ill Protection- Role of Government, Legal aspects, initiatives by Non-, governmental organizations (NGO), Environmental Education,

Text books:

1. Environmental Studies -Benny Joseph- Tata McgrawHiU-200S
2. Environmental Studies- Dr. D.I. Manjunath, Pearson Education-2006.

**UCOMPCE-310-COMPUTER BASED STATISTICAL & NUMERICAL
TECHNIQUES LAB**

Write computer program in C/C++/visual basic for mathematical and engineering solutions.

1. Write a code for finding out the root of the algebraic and transcendental equations using Newton-Raphson's iterative method.
2. Write a computer program for inversion of matrix.
3. Write a computer program for Eigen value solution of matrix.
4. Write a computer program for Runge Kutta fourth order method (RK4) to solve ordinary differential equation.
5. Write a computer program to find the engineering properties of I and channel sections.
6. Write a computer program to solve simultaneous linear equations.
7. Write the program to implement the Gauss forward interpolation formula and back ward interpolation formula.
8. Write code for one dimensional heat equation and one dimensional fluid flow problem (boundary value problem).

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BTCE-401: NANO SCIENCE

UNIT I

Introduction: Definition of Nano-Science and Nano Technology, Applications of Nano-Technology.

Quantum Theory for Nano Science: Particle in a box, Potential step: Reflection and tunneling (Quantum leak). Penetration of Barrier, Potential box (Traped particle in 3D: Nanodot).

Physics of Solid State Structures: Size dependence of properties, crystal structures, face centered cubic nanoparticles; Tetrahedrally bounded semiconductor structures; lattice vibrations.

Energy Bands: Insulators, semiconductor and conductors; Reciprocal space; Energy bands and gaps of semiconductors; effective masses; Fermi Surfaces.

Localized Particles: Acceptors and deep traps; mobility; Excitons.

UNIT II

Quantum Nanostructure: Preparation of quantum wells, Wires and Dots, Size and Dimensionality effect, Fermi gas; Potential wells; Partial confinement; Single electron Tunneling, Infrared detectors; Quantum dot laser superconductivity.

Properties of Individual Nano Particles: Metal nano clusters; Magic numbers; Theoretical modeling of nano particles; geometric structure; electronic structure; Reactivity, Fluctuations, Magnetic clusters; Bulk to nanostructure, semiconducting nanoparticles, Optical Properties, Photo fragmentation, Coulombic Explosion. Rare Gas & Molecular clusters; Inert gas clusters; Superfluid clusters; Molecular clusters.

UNIT III

Growth Techniques of Nanomaterials: Litho and Nonlithographic techniques, RF Plasma, Chemical methods, Thermolysis, Pulsed laser method, Self-assembly, E-beam evaporation, Chemical Vapour Deposition, Pulsed Laser Deposition.

UNIT IV

Methods of Measuring Properties: Structure: X-ray Diffraction Technique, Particle size determination, surface structure. Microscopy: Scanning Probe Microscopy (SPM), Atomic Force Microscopy (AFM), Field Ion Microscopy, Scanning Electron Microscopy, Transmission Electron Microscopy(TEM). Spectroscopy: Infra red and Raman Spectroscopy, X-ray Spectroscopy, Magnetic resonance, Optical and Vibrational Spectroscopy, Luminescence.

UNIT V

Carbon Nano Materials: Bucky Ball and Carbon Nano- Tubes: Nano structures of carbon (fullerene), Fabrication, Structure. Electrical, Mechanical and Vibrational properties and applications. Nano Diamond, Boron Nitride Nano-tubes, Single Electron Transistors, Molecular Machine, Nano-Biometrics, Nano Robots.

Text/Reference Books:

1. CP Poole Jr, FJ Owens, "Introduction to Nanotechnology".

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BTCE 402: STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS I

UNIT I

Classification of Structures, Types of structural frameworks and Load transfer Mechanisms, stress resultants, degrees of freedom, Static and Kinematic Indeterminacy for beams, trusses and building frames. Analysis of cables with concentrated and continuous loadings, Effect of Temperature upon length of cable.

UNIT II

Classification of Pin jointed determinate trusses, Analysis of determinate plane trusses (compound and complex). Method of Substitution, Method of tension coefficient for analysis of plane trusses.

UNIT III

Strain Energy of deformable systems, Maxwell's reciprocal & Betti's theorem, Castigliano's theorems, Calculations of deflections: Strain Energy Method, unit load method & for statically determinate beams, frames and trusses. Deflection of determinate beams by Conjugate beam method.

UNIT IV

Rolling loads and influence line diagrams for determinate beams and trusses, Absolute maximum bending moment and shear force. Muller-Breslau's principle & its applications for determinate structures.

UNIT V

Arches, Types of Arches, Analysis of three hinged parabolic and circular Arches. Linear arch, Eddy's theorem, spandrel braced arch, moving load & influence lines for three hinged parabolic arch.

References

1. Hibbler, "Structural Analysis", Pearson Education
2. Mau, "Introduction to Structural Analysis" CRC Press Taylor & Francis Group.
3. Ghali, "Structural Analysis: A Unified Classical and Matrix Approach" 5/e, CRC Press Taylor & Francis Group.
4. DS Prakash Rao "Structural Analysis: A Unified Approach" Universities Press.
5. S Ramamurtham "Theory of Structure" Dhanpat Rai.
6. Devdas Menon "Advanced Structural Analysis" Narosa
7. Wang, CK, "Intermediate Structural Analysis", Tata Mc-Graw Hill.

STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS LAB

1. To determine Flexural Rigidity (EI) of a given beam
2. To verify Maxwell's Reciprocal theorem.
3. To find horizontal thrust in a three-hinged arch and to draw influence line diagrams for Horizontal Thrust and Bending moment.
4. To find horizontal thrust in a two hinged arch and to draw influence line diagrams for horizontal Thrust and bending moment.
5. To find deflection of curved members.
6. To find bar forces in a three members structural frames with pin jointed bar
7. To find Critical load in Struts with different end conditions.
8. To find deflections in Beam having unsymmetrical bending.

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BTCE 403: GEO INFORMATICS***

UNIT I Photogrammetric Survey, basic principles, elevation of a point, determination of focal length of lens, aerial camera, scale of a vertical photograph, relief displacement of a vertical photograph, height of object from relief displacement, scale of a tilted photograph, tilt distortion, relief displacement of a tilted photograph, combined effects of tilt and relief, flight planning for aerial photography, selection of altitude, interval between exposures, crab and drift, stereoscope parallax, parallax in aerial stereoscopic views, parallax equations. Photogrammetry – analog, analytical and digital photogrammetry.

UNIT II Remote Sensing, Introduction, concepts and physical basis of Remote Sensing, Electromagnetic spectrum, radiation laws, atmospheric effects, image characteristics. Remote sensing systems; sources of remote sensing information, spectral quantities spectral signatures and characteristics spectral reflectance curves for rocks, soil, vegetation and water. Introduction to Aerial and space borne platforms. Optical, thermal and microwave sensors and their resolution, salient features of some of operating Remote Sensing satellites.

UNIT III Digital image processing: introduction, image rectification and restoration, image enhancement, image transformation, manipulation, image classification, fusion. Applications of remote sensing to civil engineering.

UNIT IV GIS system: Definition terminology and data types, basic components of GIS software, data models, data acquisition, both raster based and vector based data input and data processing and management including topology, overlaying and integration and finally data product and report generation. GIS applications in civil engineering.

UNIT V Global Navigation Satellite System (GNSS), GPS, GLONASS, GALILEO, GPS: Space segment, Control segment, User segment, GPS satellite signals, Datum, coordinate system and map projection, Static, Kinematic and Differential GPS, GPS Applications.

References:

1. SateeshGopi, R Sathkumar& N Madhu “Advanced Surveying GIS & Remote Sensing” PearsonEducation.
2. Kang Tshung Chang “Introduction of Geographic Information Systems”TMH.
3. Campbell, “Introduction to Remote Sensing” 3/e, CRC Press Taylor & FrancisGroup.
4. B C Punamia: Higher Surveying LaxmiPublication
5. R. Agor, “Advanced Surveying” KhannaPublishers.

GEO INFORMATICS LAB

1. Demonstration and working on Electronic Total Station. Measurement of distances, horizontal & vertical angles and coordinates.
2. Measurement of area of a land parcel using Total Station.
3. To layout a precise traverse in a given area and to compute the adjusted coordinates of survey stations.
4. Demonstration and working with Mirror stereoscopes, Parallax bar and Aerial photographs.
5. Visual Interpretation of standard FCC (False colour composite).
6. Digitization of physical features on a map/image using GIS software.

Department of Civil Engineering
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II Year IV Semester

BTCE 404: HYDRAULICS & HYDRAULIC MACHINES

UNIT I

Introduction : Basic concepts of free surface flows, velocity and pressure distribution, Mass, energy and momentum principle for prismatic and non-prismatic channels critical, sub-critical and super-critical type of flows. Critical depth, concepts of specific energy and specific force. Chezy's and Manning's equations for uniform flow in open channel, Velocity distribution, most efficient channel section, compound sections.

UNIT II

Energy-Depth relationship: Application of specific energy principle for interpretation of open channel phenomena, flow through vertical and horizontal contractions. Equation of gradually varied flow and its limitations, flow classification and surface profiles, integration of varied flow equation by analytical, graphical and numerical methods.

UNIT III

Rapidly varied flow: hydraulic jump, Evaluation of the jump elements in rectangular and non-rectangular channels on horizontal and sloping beds. Open channel surge, celerity of the gravity wave, deep and shallow water waves, Rectangular free overfall.

UNIT IV

Impulse momentum equation- Impact of Jets-plane and curved- stationary and moving plates. **Pumps:** Positive displacement pumps - reciprocating pumps - operating principles - slip - indicator diagram - separation- air vessels. centrifugal pumps - operation - velocity triangles - performance curves - Cavitation - Multi staging - Selection of pumps.

UNIT V

Rotodynamic Machines, Pelton Turbine, equations for jet and rotor size, efficiency, spear valve, reaction turbines, Francis and Kaplan type, Head on reaction turbine, unit quantities, similarity laws and specific speed, cavitation, characteristic curves.

References:

1. Chow, V.T. "Open Channel hydraulics" McGraw Hill Publication
2. Subramanya, K., Flow through Open Channels, TMH, New Delhi
3. Ranga Raju, K.G., Flow through open channels, T.M.H. New Delhi
4. Rajesh Srivastava, Flow through Open Channels , Oxford University Press
5. Streeter, V.L. & White E.B., "Fluid Mechanics" McGraw Hill Publication
6. Modi & Seth "Hydraulics & Fluid Mechanics" Standard Publications.
7. RK Bansal "Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulic Machines" Laxmi Publication
8. AK Jain "Fluid Mechanics" Khanna Publication.
9. Houghtalen, "Fundamentals of Hydraulics Engineering Systems" 4/e Pearson Education, Noida.

HYDRAULIC MACHINES LAB

Note: Ensure to conduct at least 10 experiments from the list:

1. To determine the Manning's coefficient of roughness „ n “ for the bed of a given flume.
2. To study the velocity distribution in an open channel and to determine the energy and momentum correction factors
3. To study the flow characteristics over a hump placed in an open channel.
4. To study the flow through a horizontal contraction in a rectangular channel.
5. To calibrate a broad-crested weir.
6. To study the characteristics of free hydraulic jump.
7. To study centrifugal pump and their characteristics
8. To study characteristics of Pelton Turbine.
9. To study characteristics Francis Turbine.
10. To study characteristics of Kaplan Turbine.
11. To study the free overfall phenomenon in an open channel and to determine the end depth
12. To determine coefficient of discharge for given rectangular notch.
13. To determine coefficient of disc.

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II Year IV Semester

BTCE 405: DATA STRUCTURES

UNIT I

Introduction: Basic Terminology, Elementary Data Organization, Algorithm, Efficiency of an Algorithm, Time and Space Complexity, Asymptotic notations: Big-Oh, Time-Space trade-off.

Abstract Data Types (ADT), Arrays: Definition, Single and Multidimensional Arrays, Representation of Arrays: Row Major Order, and Column Major Order, Application of arrays, Sparse Matrices and their representations.

Linked lists: Array Implementation and Dynamic Implementation of Singly Linked Lists, Doubly Linked List, Circularly Linked List, Operations on a Linked List. Insertion, Deletion, Traversal, Polynomial Representation and Addition, Generalized Linked List.

UNIT II

Stacks: Abstract Data Type, Primitive Stack operations: Push & Pop, Array and Linked Implementation of Stack in C, Application of stack: Prefix and Postfix Expressions, Evaluation of postfix expression, Recursion, Tower of Hanoi Problem, Simulating Recursion, Principles of recursion, Tail recursion, Removal of recursion Queues, Operations on Queue: Create, Add, Delete, Full and Empty, Circular queues, Array and linked implementation of queues in C, Dequeue and Priority Queue.

UNIT III

Trees: Basic terminology, Binary Trees, Binary Tree Representation: Array Representation and Dynamic Representation, Complete Binary Tree, Algebraic Expressions, Extended Binary Trees, Array and Linked Representation of Binary trees, Tree Traversal algorithms: Inorder, Preorder and Postorder, Threaded Binary trees, Traversing Threaded Binary trees, Huffman algorithm.

UNIT IV

Graphs: Terminology, Sequential and linked Representations of Graphs: Adjacency Matrices, Adjacency List, Adjacency Multi list, Graph Traversal : Depth First Search and Breadth First Search, Connected Component, Spanning Trees, Minimum Cost Spanning Trees: Prims and Kruskal algorithm. Transitive Closure and Shortest Path algorithm: Warshal Algorithm and Dijkstra Algorithm, Introduction to Activity Networks.

UNIT V

Searching: Sequential search, Binary Search, Comparison and Analysis Internal Sorting: Insertion Sort, Selection, Bubble Sort, Quick Sort, Two Way Merge Sort, Heap Sort, Radix Sort, Practical consideration for Internal Sorting.

Search Trees: Binary Search Trees (BST), Insertion and Deletion in BST, Complexity of Search Algorithm, AVL trees, Introduction to m-way Search Trees, B Trees & B+ Trees .

Hashing: Hash Function, Collision Resolution Strategies.

Storage Management: Garbage Collection and Compaction.

References:

1. Aaron M. Tenenbaum, Yedidiah Langsam and Moshe J. Augenstein, "Data Structures Using C and C++", PHI Learning Private Limited, Delhi India
2. Horowitz and Sahani, "Fundamentals of Data Structures", Galgotia Publications Pvt Ltd Delhi India.

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BTEC - 405: Universal Human Values and Professional Ethics

UNIT 1: Course Introduction –

Need, Basic Guidelines, Content and Process for Value Education

1. Understanding the need, basic guidelines, content and process for Value Education
2. Self-Exploration–what is it? - Its content and process; „Natural Acceptance“ and Experiential Validation- as the mechanism for self-exploration
3. Continuous Happiness and Prosperity- A look at basic Human Aspirations
4. Right understanding, Relationship and Physical Facilities- the basic requirements for fulfillment of aspirations of every human being with their correct priority
5. Understanding Happiness and Prosperity correctly- A critical appraisal of the current scenario
6. Method to fulfill the above human aspirations: understanding and living in **harmony** at various levels

UNIT 2: Understanding Harmony in the Human Being - Harmony in Myself!

7. Understanding human being as a co-existence of the sentient „I“ and the material „Body“
 8. Understanding the needs of Self („I“) and „Body“ - *Sukh* and *Suvidha*
 9. Understanding the Body as an instrument of „I“ (I being the doer, seer and enjoyer)
 10. Understanding the characteristics and activities of „I“ and harmony in „I“
 11. Understanding the harmony of I with the Body: *Sanyam* and *Swasthya*; correct appraisal of Physical needs, meaning of Prosperity in detail
 12. Programs to ensure *Sanyam* and *Swasthya*
- Practice Exercises and Case Studies will be taken up in Practice Sessions.

UNIT 3: Understanding Harmony in the Family and Society- Harmony in Human-Human Relationship

13. *Understanding Harmony in the family – the basic unit of human interaction*
 14. Understanding values in human-human relationship; meaning of *Nyaya* and program for its fulfillment to ensure *Ubhay-tripti*;
Trust (*Vishwas*) and Respect (*Samman*) as the foundational values of relationship
 15. Understanding the meaning of *Vishwas*; Difference between intention and competence
 16. Understanding the meaning of *Samman*, Difference between respect and differentiation; the other salient values in relationship
 17. Understanding the harmony in the society (society being an extension of family): *Samadhan*, *Samridhi*, *Abhay*, *Sah-astitva* as comprehensive Human Goals
 18. Visualizing a universal harmonious order in society- Undivided Society (*Akhand Samaj*), Universal Order (*Sarvabhaum Vyavastha*)- from family to world family!
- Practice Exercises and Case Studies will be taken up in Practice Sessions.

UNIT 4: Understanding Harmony in the Nature and Existence - Whole existence as Co-existence

19. Understanding the harmony in the Nature
20. Interconnectedness and mutual fulfillment among the four orders of nature- recyclability and self-regulation in nature
21. Understanding Existence as Co-existence (*Sah-astitva*) of mutually interacting units in all-pervasive space
22. Holistic perception of harmony at all levels of existence

- Practice Exercises and Case Studies will be taken up in Practice Sessions.

UNIT 5: Implications of the above Holistic Understanding of Harmony on Professional Ethics

23. Natural acceptance of human values

24. Definitiveness of Ethical Human Conduct

25. Basis for Humanistic Education, Humanistic Constitution and Humanistic Universal Order

26. Competence in professional ethics:

a) Ability to utilize the professional competence for augmenting universal human order

b) Ability to identify the scope and characteristics of people-friendly and eco-friendly production systems,

c) Ability to identify and develop appropriate technologies and management patterns for above production systems.

27. Case studies of typical holistic technologies, management models and production systems

28. Strategy for transition from the present state to Universal Human Order:

a) At the level of individual: as socially and ecologically responsible engineers, technologists and managers

b) At the level of society: as mutually enriching institutions and organizations

GUIDELINES AND CONTENT FOR PRACTICE SESSIONS

UNIT 1: Course Introduction - Need, Basic Guidelines, Content and Process for Value Education

PS 1: Introduce yourself in detail. What are the goals in your life? How do you set your goals in your life? How do you differentiate between right and wrong? What have been your achievements and shortcomings in your life? Observe and analyze them.

Expected outcome: the students start exploring themselves; get comfortable to each other and to the teacher and start finding the need and relevance for the course.

PS 2: Now-a-days, there is a lot of voice about many techno-genic maladies such as energy and natural resource depletion, environmental pollution, global warming, ozone depletion, deforestation, soil degradation, etc. – all these seem to be man-made problems threatening the survival of life on Earth – What is the root cause of these maladies & what is the way out in your opinion?

On the other hand, there is rapidly growing danger because of nuclear proliferation, arms race, terrorism, criminalization of politics, large scale corruption, scams, breakdown of relationships, generation gap, depression & suicidal attempts, etc – what do you think, is the root cause of these threats to human happiness and peace – what could be the way out in your opinion?

Expected outcome: the students start finding that technical education without study of human values can generate more problems than solutions. They also start feeling that lack of understanding of human values is the root cause of all problems and the sustained solution could emerge only through understanding of human values and value based living. Any solution brought out through fear, temptation or dogma will not be sustainable.

PS 3:

1. Observe that each one of us has Natural Acceptance, based on which one can verify right or not right for him. Verify this in case of

i) What is Naturally Acceptable to you in relationship- Feeling of respect or disrespect?

ii) What is Naturally Acceptable to you – to nurture or to exploit others?

Is your living the same as your natural acceptance or different?

2. Out of the three basic requirements for fulfillment of your aspirations- right understanding, relationship and physical facilities, observe how the problems in your family are related to each. Also observe how much time & effort you devote for each in your daily routine.

Expected outcome:

1. The students are able to see that verification on the basis of natural acceptance and experiential validation through living is the only way to verify right or wrong, and referring to any external source like text or instrument or any other person cannot enable them to verify with authenticity; it will only develop assumptions.
2. The students are able to see that their practice in living is not in harmony with their natural acceptance most of the time, and all they need to do is to refer to their natural acceptance to remove this disharmony.
3. The students are able to see that lack of right understanding leading to lack of relationship is the major cause of problems in their family and not the lack of physical facilities in most of the cases, while they have given higher priority to earning of physical facilities in their life ignoring relationships and not being aware that right understanding is the most important requirement for any human being.

UNIT 2: Understanding Harmony in the Human Being - Harmony in Myself!

PS 4: List down all your desires. Observe whether the desire is related to Self (I) or Body. If it appears to be related to both, see which part of it is related to Self (I) and which part is related to Body.

Expected outcome: the students are able to see that they can enlist their desires and the desires are not vague. Also they are able to relate their desires to „I“ and „Body“ distinctly. If any desire appears related to both, they are able to see that the feeling is related to I while the physical facility is related to the body. They are also able to see that „I“ and „Body“ are two realities, and most of their desires are related to „I“ and not body, while their efforts are mostly centered on the fulfillment of the needs of the body assuming that it will meet the needs of „I“ too.

PS 5:

1. a. Observe that any physical facility you use, follows the given sequence with time :
Necessary & tasteful → unnecessary & tasteful → unnecessary & tasteless → intolerable
- b. In contrast, observe that any feeling in you is either naturally acceptable or not acceptable at all. If naturally acceptable, you want it continuously and if not acceptable, you do not want it any moment!
2. List down all your activities. Observe whether the activity is of „I“ or of Body or with the participation of both „I“ and Body.
3. Observe the activities within „I“. Identify the object of your attention for different moments (over a period of say 5 to 10 minutes) and draw a line diagram connecting these points. Try to observe the link between any two nodes.

Expected outcome:

1. The students are able to see that all physical facilities they use are required for a limited time in a limited quantity. Also they are able to see that in case of feelings, they want continuity of the naturally acceptable feelings and they do not want feelings which are not naturally acceptable even for a single moment.
2. the students are able to see that activities like understanding, desire, thought and selection are the activities of „I“ only, the activities like breathing, palpitation of different parts of the body are fully the activities of the body with the acceptance of „I“ while the activities they do with their sense organs like hearing through ears, seeing through eyes, sensing through touch, tasting through tongue and smelling through nose or the activities they do with their work organs like hands, legs etc. are such activities that require the participation of both „I“ and body.
3. The students become aware of their activities of „I“ and start finding their focus of attention at different moments. Also they are able to see that most of their desires are coming from outside (through preconditioning or sensation) and are not based on their natural acceptance.

PS 6:

1. Chalk out programs to ensure that you are responsible to your body- for the nurturing, protection and right utilisation of the body.
2. Find out the plants and shrubs growing in and around your campus. Find out their use for curing different diseases.

Expected outcome: The students are able to list down activities related to proper upkeep of the body and practice them in their daily routine. They are also able to appreciate the plants wildly growing in and around the campus which can be beneficial in curing different diseases.

UNIT 3: Understanding Harmony in the Family and Society- Harmony in Human-Human Relationship

PS 7: Form small groups in the class and in that group initiate dialogue and ask the eight questions related to trust. The eight questions are :

- 1a. Do I want to make myself happy?
- 2a. Do I want to make the other happy?
- 3a. Does the other want to make him happy?
- 4a. Does the other want to make me happy?

What is the answer?

Intention (Natural Acceptance)

- 1b. Am I able to make myself always happy?
- 2b. Am I able to make the other always happy?
- 3b. Is the other able to make him always happy?
- 4b. Is the other able to make me always happy?

What is the answer?

Competence

Let each student answer the questions for himself and everyone else. Discuss the difference between intention and competence. Observe whether you evaluate your intention & competence as well as the others' intention & competence.

Expected outcome: The students are able to see that the first four questions are related to our Natural Acceptance i.e. Intention and the next four to our Competence. They are able to note that the intention is always correct, only competence is lacking! We generally evaluate ourselves on the basis of our intention and others on the basis of their competence! We seldom look at our competence and others' intention as a result we conclude that I am a good person and other is a bad person.

PS 8:

1. Observe on how many occasions you are respecting your related ones (by doing the right evaluation) and on how many occasions you are disrespecting by way of under-evaluation, over-evaluation or otherwise evaluation.
2. Also observe whether your feeling of respect is based on treating the other as yourself or on differentiations based on body, physical facilities or beliefs.

Expected outcome: The students are able to see that respect is right evaluation, and only right evaluation leads to fulfillment in relationship. Many present problems in the society are an outcome of differentiation (lack of understanding of respect), like gender biasness, generation gap, caste conflicts, class struggle, dominations through power play, communal violence, clash of isms, and so on so forth. All these problems can be solved by realizing that the other is like me as he has the same natural acceptance, potential and program to ensure a happy and prosperous life for him and for others though he may have different body, physical facilities or beliefs.

PS 9:

1. Write a note in the form of story, poem, skit, essay, narration, dialogue to educate a child. Evaluate it in a group.
2. Develop three chapters to introduce „social science- its need, scope and content“ in the primary education of children

Expected outcome: The students are able to use their creativity for educating children. The students are able to see that they can play a role in providing value education for children. They are able to put in simple words the issues that are essential to understand for children and comprehensible to them. The students are able to develop an outline of holistic model for social science and compare it with the existing model.

Module 4: Understanding Harmony in the Nature and Existence - Whole existence as Co-existence

PS 10: List down units (things) around you. Classify them in four orders. Observe and explain the mutual fulfillment of each unit with other orders.

Expected outcome: The students are able to differentiate between the characteristics and activities of different orders and study the mutual fulfillment among them. They are also able to see that human beings are not fulfilling to other orders today and need to take appropriate steps to ensure right participation (in terms of nurturing, protection and right utilization) in the nature.

PS 11:

1. Make a chart for the whole existence. List down different courses of studies and relate them to different units or levels in the existence.
2. Choose any one subject being taught today. Evaluate it and suggest suitable modifications to make it appropriate and holistic.

Expected outcome: The students feel confident that they can understand the whole existence; nothing is a mystery in this existence. They are also able to see the interconnectedness in the nature, and point out how different courses of study relate to the different units and levels. Also they are able to make out how these courses can be made appropriate and holistic.

UNIT 5: Implications of the above Holistic Understanding of Harmony at all Levels of Existence

PS 12: Choose any two current problems of different kind in the society and suggest how they can be solved on the basis of natural acceptance of human values. Suggest steps you will take in present conditions.

Expected outcome: The students are able to present sustainable solutions to the problems in society and nature. They are also able to see that these solutions are practicable and draw roadmaps to achieve them.

PS 13:

1. Suggest ways in which you can use your knowledge of Technology/Engineering/ Management for universal human order, from your family to the world family.
2. Suggest one format of humanistic constitution at the level of nation from your side.

Expected outcome: The students are able to grasp the right utilization of their knowledge in their streams of Technology/Engineering/ Management to ensure mutually enriching and recyclable productions systems.

PS 14: The course is going to be over now. Evaluate your state before and after the course in terms of a. Thought b. Behavior and c. Work d. Realization

Do you have any plan to participate in the transition of the society after graduating from the institute? Write a brief note on it.

Expected outcome: The students are able to sincerely evaluate the course and share with their friends. They are also able to suggest measures to make the course more effective and relevant. They are also able to make use of their understanding in the course for a happy and prosperous society.

Reference Material

The primary resource material for teaching this course consists of

a. The text book

R.R Gaur, R Sangal, G P Bagaria, A foundation course in Human Values and professional Ethics, Excel books, New Delhi, 2010, ISBN 978-8-174-46781-2

b. The teacher's manual

R.R Gaur, R Sangal, G P Bagaria, A foundation course in Human Values and professional Ethics – Teachers Manual, Excel books, New Delhi, 2010

c. A set of DVDs containing

- Video of Teachers' Orientation Program
- PPTs of Lectures and Practice Sessions
- Audio-visual material for use in the practice sessions

In addition, the following reference books may be found useful for supplementary reading in connection with different parts of the course:

1. B L Bajpai, 2004, *Indian Ethos and Modern Management*, New Royal Book Co., Lucknow. Reprinted 2008.
2. PL Dhar, RR Gaur, 1990, *Science and Humanism*, Commonwealth Publishers.
3. Susan George, 1976, *How the Other Half Dies*, Penguin Press. Reprinted 1986, 1991
4. Ivan Illich, 1974, *Energy & Equity*, The Trinity Press, Worcester, and HarperCollins, USA
5. Donella H. Meadows, Dennis L. Meadows, Jorgen Randers, William W. Behrens III, 1972, *Limits to Growth*, Club of Rome's Report, Universe Books.
6. Subhas Palekar, 2000, *How to practice Natural Farming*, Pracheen(Vaidik) Krishi Tantra Shodh, Amravati.
7. A Nagraj, 1998, *Jeevan Vidya ek Parichay*, Divya Path Sansthan, Amarkantak.
8. E.F. Schumacher, 1973, *Small is Beautiful: a study of economics as if people mattered*, Blond & Briggs, Britain.
9. A.N. Tripathy, 2003, *Human Values*, New Age International Publishers.

Relevant websites, movies and documentaries

1. Value Education websites, <http://uhv.ac.in>, <http://www.uptu.ac.in>
2. Story of Stuff, <http://www.storyofstuff.com>
3. Al Gore, *An Inconvenient Truth*, Paramount Classics, USA
4. Charlie Chaplin, *Modern Times*, United Artists, USA
5. IIT Delhi, *Modern Technology – the Untold Story*
6. Gandhi A., *Right Here Right Now*, Cyclewala Productions

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BTCE 407: BUILDING PLANNING & DRAWING LAB

Drawing and drafting of following with CAD software

1. Introduction to the tools and commands of drafting software.
2. Working in layers, blocks, x-ref, drawing layout and print setup.
3. 3D drafting and rendering
4. Planning and drafting of elevation and cross section of door and window
5. Planning and drafting of plan and cross section of Dog legged and open well staircase.
6. Planning and Drawings of Residential building of 1 room set (plan and section).
7. Planning and drawing of 3 room residential building with staircase.
8. Preparation of details general arrangement drawing of 4 room duplex house including planning and drafting.

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Department of Civil Engineering

**Evaluation Scheme & Syllabus for
B.Tech. Third Year (V & VI Sem)
(Effective from session 2025-26)**

EVALUATION SCHEME

III Year V Semester						
		THEORY		PRACTICAL		TOTAL
SUBJECT CODE	SUBJECT NAME	SESS.(30)	EXT.(70)	SESS.(25)	EXT.(25)	
BTCE-501	Managerial Economics	30	70	NA	NA	100
BTCE-502	Geotechnical Engineering	30	70	25	25	150
BTCE-503	Sociology	30	70	NA	NA	100
BTCE-504	Quantity Estimation & Management	30	70	NA	NA	100
BTCE-505	Concrete Technology	30	70	25	25	150
BTCE-506	Design of Structures-I	30	70	NA	NA	100

III Year VI Semester						
		THEORY		PRACTICAL		TOTAL
SUBJECT CODE	SUBJECT NAME	SESS.(30)	EXT.(70)	SESS.(25)	EXT.(25)	
BTCE-601	Industrial Management	30	70	NA	NA	100
BTCE-602	Design of Structures-II	30	70	25	25	150
BTCE-603	Environmental Engg.	30	70	25	25	150
BTCE-604	Construction Technology & Management	30	70	NA	NA	100
BTCE-605	Principal of Town Planning & Architecture	30	70	NA	NA	100

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BTCE 501: MANAGERIAL ECONOMICS

Unit I: Introduction of Engineering Economics and Demand Analysis: Meaning and nature economics, Relation between science, engineering, technology and economics; Meaning of demand, Determinants of Demand, Shifts in demand, Law of Demand, Price Elasticity of demand&Types, Income Elasticity, Cross price Elasticity, Determinants of Elasticity, uses and Importance of elasticity.

Unit II: Concept of Supply: Law of Supply, Factors affecting Supply, Elasticity of supply.
Demand Forecasting: Introduction, Meaning and Forecasting, Methods or Techniques of Demand Forecasting, Criteria for Good Demand Forecasting, Demand Forecasting for a New Product;

Unit III: Cost Analysis- Introduction, Types of Costs, Cost-Output Relationship: Cost Function, Cost-Output Relationships in the Short Run, and Cost-Output Relationships in the Long Run; Short run and long run, Break- Even Analysis; Production functions: laws of variable proportions, law of returns; Economies of scale: Internal and external.

Unit IV: Market Structure: Market Structure Perfect Competition, Imperfect competition – Monopolistic, Oligopoly, duopoly sorbent features of price determination and various market conditions.

Unit V:Nature and characteristics of Indian economy, concepts of LPG, elementary concepts of National Income, Inflation and Business Cycles ,Concept of N.I. and Measurement., Meaning of Inflation, Types and causes , Phases of business cycle .Investment decisions for boosting economy(National income and per capital income)

References:

1. Premvir Kapoor, Sociology and Economics for Engineers, Khanna Publishing House (Edition 2018)
2. Salvatore D, —Principles of Microeconomics, Oxford University Press.
3. Koutsoyiannis A, —Modern Microeconomic, Macmillan Education Ltd.
4. Dwivedi DN, —Principles of Microeconomics, Pearson Education.
5. Cowell, FA, —Microeconomic Principles and Analysis, Oxford University Press.

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BTCE 502: GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING

Unit 1

Origin and classification: Preview of Geotechnical field problems in Civil Engineering, Soil formation, transport and deposit, Soil composition, Basic definitions, Weight volume relationships, Clay minerals, Soil structure, Index properties, sensitivity and thixotropy, Particle size analysis, Unified and Indian standard soil classification system. **[8]**

Unit 2

Soil Hydraulics: Stress conditions in soil- total, effective and neutral stresses and relationships. Permeability - Darcy's Law, hydraulic conductivity, equivalent hydraulic conductivity in stratified soil. Seepage, flow nets, seepage calculation from a flow net, flow nets in anisotropic soils, seepage through earth dam, capillarity, critical hydraulic gradient and quick sand condition, uplift pressure, piping; **[8]**

Unit 3

Soil compaction, water content – dry unit weight relationships. Factors controlling compaction. Field compaction equipment; field compaction control; Proctor needle method. Consolidation: Primary and secondary consolidation, Terzaghi's one dimensional theory of consolidation, Consolidation test, Normal and Over Consolidated soils, Over Consolidation Ratio, determination of coefficient of consolidation, Contact pressure **[8]**

Unit 4

Shear Strength: Mohr-Coulomb failure criterion, shear strength parameters and determination; direct and tri-axial shear test; unconfined compression test; pore pressure, Skempton's pore pressure coefficients. Earth pressure: Classical theories, Coulomb and Rankine's approaches for frictional and $c-\phi$ soils, inclined backfill, Graphical methods of earth pressure determination, Stability of slopes, Culman method & Method of slices, Stability number & chart. **[8]**

Unit 5

Sub surface structure: Bearing capacity of shallow foundations, SPT, Plate load test; Effect of water table. Deep foundations: Types of piles, Static and dynamic formulae, Pile group, Settlement of Pile Group, Negative skin friction. **[8]**

Text & References Books

1. V.N.S. Murthy – Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engineering (Fifth Edition)
2. K.R. Arora – Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engineering
3. Narasinga Rao, B.N.D, — Soil Mechanics & Foundation Engineering, John Wiley & Sons, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd., Daryaganj, New Delhi – 110002.

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BTCE 502: GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING LAB

(L-T-P 0-0-2)

1. Determination of water content of a given moist soil sample by (i) oven drying method,
2. (ii) pycnomete method.
3. Determination of specific gravity of a given soil sample by (i) density bottle, (ii) pycnomete method.
4. Determination of in situ dry density of soil mass by (i) core-cutter method, (ii) sand replacement method.
5. Determination of relative density of a given soil sample.
6. Determination of complete grain size distribution of a given soil sample by sieve analysis and sedimentation (hydrometer) analysis.
7. Determination of consistency limits (liquid, plastic and shrinkage limits) of the soil sample used in experiment no. 5 (grain-size analysis).
8. Determination of shear strength of soil by Direct shear test.

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BTCE 503: SOCIOLOGY

Unit – 1

Industrial Sociology: Nature, Scope and Importance of Industrial Sociology. Social Relations in Industry, Social Organisation in Industry- Bureaucracy, Scientific Management and Human Relations.

Unit – 2

Rise and Development of Industry: Early Industrialism – Types of Productive Systems – The Manorial or Feudal system. The Guild system, The domestic or putting-out system, and the Factory system. Characteristics of the factory system. Causes and Consequences of industrialization. Obstacles to and Limitations of Industrialization.

[8]

Unit – 3

Introduction to Suspension Bridges, Analysis of two and three hinged stiffening girders, Influence line diagrams for maximum bending moment and shear force for stiffening girders. **[8]**

Unit – 4

Basic Force and Displacement Matrix method for analysis of beams, frames and trusses. **[8]**

Unit – 5

Basics of Plastic Analysis. Applications of Static and Kinematic theorem for Plastic Analysis of Beams and Single Storied Frames. **[8]**

References:

1. Jain, A. K., —Advanced Structural Analysis —, Nem Chand & Bros., Roorkee.
2. Hibbeler, R.C., —Structural Analysis, Pearson Prentice Hall, Sector - 62, Noida-201309
3. C. S. Reddy —Structural Analysis, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Limited, New Delhi.
4. Timoshenko, S. P. and D. Young, — Theory of Structures, Tata Mc-Graw Hill Book Publishing Company Ltd., New Delhi.
5. Dayaratnam, P. — Analysis of Statically Indeterminate Structures, Affiliated East-West Press.
6. Wang, C. K. — Intermediate Structural Analysis, McGraw-Hill Book Publishing Company Ltd.
7. Thandavamoorthy, T.S., —Structural Analysis, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
8. Martin, H. C. | Introduction to Matrix Methods of Structural Analysis, Mc-Graw Hill Book Publishing Company Ltd, New Delhi.
9. Mau, —Introduction to Structural Analysis, CRC Press Taylor & Francis Group.
10. Ghali, — Structural Analysis: A Unified Classical and Matrix Approach, 5/e, CRC Press Taylor & Francis Group.

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BTCE 504: QUANTITY ESTIMATION & MANAGEMENT

LTP 300

UNIT I: Quantity Estimation for Buildings

Measurement units for various building materials, Centre line method, Long and short wall method of estimates, PWD schedule of rate, Delhi schedule of rate. **[8]**

UNIT II: Rate Analysis, Specification and Tenders

Analysis of rates knowing cost of material, labour, equipment, overheads, profit, taxes etc, Specifications – Preparation of detailed and general specifications, Legal aspects of contracts, laws related to contracts, land acquisition, labour safety and welfare. Different types of contracts, their relative advantages and disadvantages. Elements of tender preparation, process of tendering, pre-qualification of contracts, Evaluation of tenders, contract negotiation and award of work, monitoring of contract extra items. **[8]**

UNIT III:

Elements of Management & Network Techniques Project cycle, Organization, planning, scheduling, monitoring, updating and management system in construction, Bar charts, milestone charts, work break down structure and preparation of networks. Network Techniques like PERT & CPM in construction management. Project monitoring and resource allocation through network techniques. **[8]**

UNIT IV: Equipment Management

Productivity, operational cost, owning and hiring cost and the work motion study. Simulation techniques for resource scheduling. Construction Equipment for earth moving, earth compaction, Hauling Equipment, Hoisting Equipment, Conveying Equipment, Concrete Production Equipment, Tunnelling Equipment **[8]**

UNIT V: Project Cost Management

Budgeting, Cost planning, Direct Cost, Indirect cost, Total Cost Curve, Cost Slope. Time value of money, Present economy studies, Equivalence concept, financing of projects, economic comparison, present worth method Equivalent annual cost method, discounted cash flow method, Depreciation and break even cost analysis. **[8]**

References:

1. Dutta, B.N., —Estimating and Costing in Civil Engineering, UBS Publishers & Distributors Pvt. Ltd., 2003
2. Srinath, L.S., —PERT and CPM Principles and applications, Affiliated East-West Press Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
3. Patil, B.S., —Civil Engineering Contracts and Estimates, University Press India, Pvt. Ltd. Hyderabad –500004
4. Construction Management by Ojha
5. Srivastava, U.K., —Construction Planning and Management, Galgotia Publications Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.

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III Year V Semester

BTCE 505: CONCRETE TECHNOLOGY

LTP 300

Unit I

Cement: production, composition properties, types and cement chemistry. Introduction to supplementary cementitious materials. Aggregates: mineralogy, properties, test and standards. Quality of water for use in concrete. **[8]**

Unit II

Introduction & study of accelerators, retarders, water reducers, air entrainers, water proofers, super plasticizers. Study of supplementary cementing materials like fly ash, silica fume, ground granulated blast furnace slag, metakaoline and pozzolana; their production, properties and effect on concrete properties. **[8]**

Unit III

Principle of mix proportioning, properties related to mix design, Mix design method (IS method and ACI method). Mix design of concrete: packing density, Rheology, mix design examples. **[8]**

Unit IV

Concrete production, batching, mixing and transportation of concrete. Workability: test for workability of concrete (slump test, compacting factor test and Vee Bee test). Segregation and bleeding in concrete, curing of concrete and its methods. Determination of compressive and flexural strength as per BIS. Mechanical properties of concrete: elastic modulus, Poisson's ratio, creep, shrinkage and durability of concrete. **[8]**

Unit V

Study and uses of high strength concrete, self compacting concrete, fiber reinforced concrete, ferro cement, ready Mix Concrete, recycled aggregate concrete and status in India. **[8]**

References

1. Neville, A.M. and Brooks, J.J., "CONCRETE TECHNOLOGY", ELBS.
2. Shetty, M.S, "Concrete Technology, Theory and Practice", S. Chand and Company Ltd, New Delhi, 2008.
3. Gambhir, M.L, "Concrete Technology", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd, New Delhi, 2004.
4. Santhakumar, A.R; "Concrete Technology", Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2007.
5. Gupta B.L., Amit Gupta, "Concrete Technology", Jain Book Agency, 2010.
6. Newman, K., "CONCRETE SYSTEMS in COMPOSITE MATERIALS". EDTBY L.Holliday. Elsevier Publishing Company. 1966..

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CONCRETE LAB

(L-T-P0-0-2)

1. Study of IS codes for (i) Aggregates (ii) Cements (iii) Admixtures (iv) Flyash
2. Concrete Mix design computation by ACI 211.1-91 method, IS code method as per 10262-2007 & 456-2000, DOE method for given sample.
3. Preparation and testing of samples as per any one of the above mentioned computations (Minimum grade of concrete is M30)
4. Tests on Concrete- (a) Workability tests - Slump cone test, compaction factor test, Vee-bee consistometer test, flow table test. (b) Strength tests- compressive strength, flexural strength, split tensile strength.
5. Effects of Admixture - Accelerator, Retarder, SuperPlasticizer.
6. Non destructive Testing - Rebound Hammer test, Ultrasonic Pulse Velocity test.

References:

1. Concrete Technology – A.M. Neville & J. J. Brooks ,Pearson
2. Concrete Technology Theory & Practice-M.S. Shetty, S. Chand Publishers
3. Concrete Technology Theory & Practice-M.L. Gambhir, TMH Publishers
4. IS:10262-2009-Concrete Mix Proportioning Guideline

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BTCE 506: DESIGN OF STRUCTURE I

Unit – 1

Analysis of fixed beams, Continuous beams and simple frames with and without translation of joint by Slope-Deflection method, Moment Distribution method and Strain Energy method. [8]

Unit – 2

Muller-Breslau's Principle and its applications for drawing influence lines for indeterminate beams, Analysis of two hinged and fixed arches, Influence line diagrams for maximum bending moment, Shear force and thrust in two hinge arches. Analysis of two and three hinged stiff eninggirders. [8]

Unit – 3

Introduction to Suspension Bridges, Analysis of two and three hinged stiffening girders, Influence line diagrams for maximum bending moment and shear force for stiffening girders. [8]

Unit – 4

Basic Force and Displacement Matrix method for analysis of beams, frames and trusses. [8]

Unit – 5

Basics of Plastic Analysis. Applications of Static and Kinematic theorem for Plastic Analysis of Beams and Single Storied Frames. [8]

References:

1. Jain, A. K., —Advanced Structural Analysis —, Nem Chand & Bros., Roorkee.
2. Hibbeler, R.C., —Structural Analysis, Pearson Prentice Hall, Sector - 62, Noida-201309
3. C. S. Reddy —Structural Analysis, Tata Mc Graw Hill Publishing Company Limited, New Delhi.
4. Timoshenko, S. P. and D. Young, — Theory of Structures, Tata Mc-Graw Hill Book Publishing Company Ltd., New Delhi.
5. Dayaratnam, P. — Analysis of Statically Indeterminate Structures, Affiliated East-West Press.
6. Wang, C. K. — Intermediate Structural Analysis, Mc Graw-Hill Book Publishing Company Ltd.
7. Thandavamoorthy, T.S., —Structural Analysis Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
8. Martin, H. C. Introduction to Matrix Methods of Structural Analysis, Mc-Graw Hill Book Publishing Company Ltd, New Delhi.
9. Mau, —Introduction to Structural Analysis CRC Press Taylor & Francis Group.
10. Ghali, — Structural Analysis: A Unified Classical and Matrix Approach 5/e, CRC Press Taylor & Francis Group.
11. Wilbur and Norris, —Elementary Structural Analysis, Tata McGraw Hill.
12. Vazirani & Ratwani et al, —Analysis of Structures, Khanna Publishers
13. Coates, RC, Coutie, M.G. & Kong, F.K., —Structural Analysis, English Language Book Society & Nelson, 1980.
14. SP Gupta & Gupta —Theory of Structure Vol.1 & 2 TMH
15. DS Prakash Rao —Structural Analysis: A Unified Approach Universities Press.

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III Year VI Semester

BTCE – 601: INDUSTRIAL MANAGEMENT

Unit I

Introduction: Concept and scope of Industrial Management. Productivity: Definition, measurement, productivity index, types of production system, Industrial Ownership.

Unit II

Functions of Management, Taylor's Scientific Management Theory, Fayol's Principles of Management, Social responsibilities of Management, Introduction to Human resources management: Nature of HRM, functions and importance of HRM.

Unit III

Work Study: Introduction, definition, objectives, steps in work study, Method study: definition, objectives, steps of method study, Work Measurement: purpose, types of study — stop watch methods — steps — allowances — standard time calculations — work sampling, Production Planning and Control

Inventory Control: Inventory, Cost, Models of inventory control: EOQ, ABC, VED

Unit IV

Quality Control: Statistical quality control, Control charts for variables and attributes, Acceptance Sampling- Single sampling- Double sampling plans, Introduction to TQM.

Unit V

Project Management: Project network analysis, CPM, PERT and Project crashing and resource Leveling

References:

1. Engineering Management (Industrial Engineering & Management)/ S.C. Sharma &T.R. Banga, Khanna Book Publishing Co. (P) Ltd., Delhi (ISBN: 978-93-86173-072)
2. Industrial Engineering and Management/ P. Khanna, Dhanpatrai publications Ltd.
3. Production & Operation Management /PaneerSelvam /PHI.
4. Industrial Engineering Management/NVSRaju/Cengage Learning.
5. Industrial Engineering Management I RaviShankar/ Galgotia.

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BTCE 602: DESIGN OF STRUCTURE- II

Unit – 1

Introduction to Various Design Philosophies, Design of Rectangular Singly and Doubly Reinforced Sections by Working Stress Method. Assumptions in Limit State Design Method, Design of Rectangular Singly and Doubly Reinforced beams, T-beams, L-beams by Limit State Design Method.

Unit –2

Behaviour of RC beam in Shear, Shear Strength of beams with and without shear reinforcement, Minimum and Maximum shear reinforcement, design of beam in shear. Introduction to development length, Anchorage bond, flexural bond. (Detailed Examples by Limit State Design Method), Failure of beam under shear, Concept of Equivalent Shear an

Unit – 3

Design of one way, One way continuous and cantilever solid slabs by Limit State Design Method, Design of RCC staircases.

Design of lintels and chajjas. Design of two way slabs by limit state method, Serviceability Limit States, Control of deflection, cracking and vibrations. [8]

Unit – 4

Design of Columns by Limit State Design Method- Effective height of columns, Assumptions, Minimum eccentricity, Short column under axial compression, requirements for reinforcement, Column with helical reinforcement, Short column under axial load and uni-axial bending, Design of columns under bi-axial loading by Design Charts. [8]

Unit – 5

Structural behaviour of footings, Design of isolated footings, combined rectangular and trapezoidal footings by Limit State Method, Design of strap footings.

Structural behaviour of retaining wall, stability of retaining wall against overturning and sliding, Design of cantilever retaining wall by Limit State Method. [8]

References

1. IS: 456 – 2000.
2. Reinforced Concrete Design by S. U. Pillai & D. Menon, Tata Mc.- Graw, New Delhi
3. Reinforced Concrete – Limit State Design by A. K. Jain, Nem Chand & Bros., Roorkee.
4. Reinforced Concrete Vol. - II by H.J. Shah, Charotar Publisher, Gujarat.
5. RCC Designs (Reinforced Concrete Structures) by B.C. Punmia, Ashoka Kumar Jain and Arun Kumar Jain, Laxmi Publishers, New Delhi.
6. Reinforced Concrete Structures by R. Park and Pauley.
7. Reinforced Concrete Design by P. Dayaratnam. Dayaratnam,

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III Year VI Semester

BTCE 602: : DESIGN OF STRUCTURE LAB

1. Study of SP34/IS13920/IS456:2000 for detailing of structural elements.
2. Preparation of working hand sketches and Auto CAD drawings for the following-
 - RC Beams- Simply supported, Continuous, Cantilever
 - T – beam / L-beam floor
 - Slabs – Simply supported, Continuous, One way and two way slabs.
 - Columns – Tied Columns and Spirally reinforced columns.
 - Isolated footings for RC Columns.
 - Combined rectangular and trapezoidal footings.
3. Preparation of bar bending schedule
4. Detailing of Buildings with respect to Earthquake Resistant Design
5. Study of full set of structural drawing of a building as made available by Institute.

References: Krishna Raju N., —Structural Design and Drawing| University Press (India), Pvt.Ltd., Hyderabad.

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BTCE 603: ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING

Unit I

Fresh water, water demands, variation in demands, population forecasting by various methods, basic needs and factors affecting consumption, design period.

Transmission of water: Various types of conduits, capacity and sizes including economical sizes of rising main, structural requirements; laying and testing of water supply pipelines; pipe materials, joints, appurtenances and valves; leakages and control. [8]

Unit-II

Storage and distribution of water: Methods of distribution, pressure and gravity distribution systems, Concept of service and balancing reservoirs.

Capacity of distribution reservoirs: general design guidelines for distribution system. [8]

Unit-III

Physical, chemical and bacteriological examination of water and wastewater: Temperature, pH, colour and odour, solids, nitrogen and phosphorus, chlorides, toxic metals and compounds, BOD, COD etc. quality requirements, standards of water and waste water, disposal of wastewater on land and water bodies..

Unit-IV

Objectives of water treatment: unit operations, processes, and flow sheets.

Water treatment: screening, sedimentation, determination of settling velocity, efficiency of ideal sedimentation tank, design of settling tanks, grit chamber.

Primary sedimentation and coagulation, filtration: theory of filtration; hydraulics of filtration; slow sand, rapid sand and pressure filters, backwashing; design of slow and rapid sand filters.

Disinfection: requirements of an ideal disinfectant; various disinfectants, chlorination and practices of chlorination, water softening and ion-exchange process [8]

Unit-5

Objectives of waste water treatment: unit operations, processes, and flow sheets.

Secondary and tertiary treatment: secondary sedimentation and theory of organic matter removal.

Working of activated sludge process, trickling filters; aerated lagoons, waste stabilization ponds, oxidation ditches, rotating biological contactors (RBC).

Anaerobic digestion of sludge: design of low and high rate anaerobic digesters and septic tank.

Working of up flow anaerobic sludge blanket (UASB) reactor and other emerging technologies for wastewater treatment [8]

Text Books:

1. Peavy, Howard S., Rowe, Donald R and Tchobanoglous, George, —Environmental Engineering| McGraw Hill Education (India) Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
2. Metcalf & Eddy —Wastewater Engineering: Treatment & Reusel, Tata Mc-Graw Hill.
3. M. P. Poonia and SC Sharma: Environmental Engineering, kahanna publishing house
4. Keshav Kant, "Air Pollution Control Engineering", Khanna Publishing House
5. OP Gupta, Elements of Environmental Polluton Control, Khanna Publication
6. Davis, M.L. & Cornwell, D.A.: Introduction to Environmental Engineering, Mc-Graw Hill.

References:

1. Manual on Water Supply and Treatment, C. P. H. E. E. O., Ministry of Urban Development, Government of India, New Delhi
2. Manual on Sewerage and Sewage Treatment, C. P. H. E. E. O., Ministry of Urban Development, Government of India, New Delhi
3. Steel and McGhee: Water Supply and Sewerage
4. Fair and Geyer: Water Supply and Wastewater Disposal
5. Hammer and Hammer Jr.: Water and Wastewater Technology
6. Raju: Water Supply and Wastewater Engineering
7. Rao: Textbook of Environmental Engineering
8. Davis and Cornwell: Introduction to Environmental Engineering
9. Kshirsagar: Water Supply and Treatment and Sewage Treatment Vol. I and II
10. Punmia: Water Supply and Wastewater Engineering Vol. I and II
11. Birdie: Water Supply and Sanitary Engineering
12. Ramalho: Introduction to Wastewater Treatment Processes
13. Davis Mackenzie L., Cornwell, David A., —Introduction to Environmental Engineering| McGraw Hill Education (India) Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
14. Birdie: Water Supply and Sanitary Engineering
15. Ramalho: Introduction to Wastewater Treatment Processes
16. Parker: Wastewater Systems Engineering
17. A.K. Jain, Environmental Engineering, Khanna Publishing House

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BTCE 603: ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING LAB

(L-T-P 0-0-2)

1. Determination of turbidity and conductivity.
2. Determination of pH, alkalinity and acidity.
3. Determination of hardness and chlorides.
4. Determination of residual chlorine.
5. Determination of MPN (most probable number) of coliforms.
6. Measurement of SPM and PM10 with high volume sampler.
7. Measurement of sound level with sound level meter.
8. Determination of total , suspended and dissolved solids.
9. Determination of BOD.
10. Determination of COD.
11. Determination of kjeldahl nitrogen.
12. Determination of fluoride.
13. Determination of optimum dose of coagulants by Jar Test Apparatus.
14. Field Visit of Water/ Sewage Treatment Plant of a nearby area.

Note: 1. Experiment at S.NO. 14 is mandatory.
2. Any 8 Experiments out of the S.NO 1 to 13 are to be performed.

References:

1. A.P.H.A. —Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, American Public Health Association.
2. Sawyer, C.N., McCarty, P.L. & Parkin, G.F. —Chemistry for Environmental Engineering, McGraw Hill.
3. Mathur, R.P. —Water & Wastewater Testing, Lab Manual, Roorkee.
4. O P Gupta, Environmental Chemistry, " Khanna Publishing house.

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**BTCE 604: CONSTRUCTION TECHNOLOGY &
MANAGEMENT**

Unit-1

Elements of Management and Network Techniques: Project Cycle, Organization, Planning, Scheduling, Monitoring, updating and Management System in Construction.

Unit-2

Network Techniques: Bar Chart, Mile stone chart, work break down structure, and preparation of networks. Network techniques like PERT and CPM. In construction Management, Project Monitoring and resource allocations through network techniques.

Unit-3

Project Cost Control: Cost Planning, Direct Cost, Indirect Cost, Total Cost Curve, Cost Slope. Time Value of Money, Present Economy studies, Equivalence Concept, financing of projects, Economic comparisons present worth method, Equivalent annual cost method, discounted cash flow method. Depreciation and break even cost analysis of construction projects.

Unit-4

Contract Management: Legal Aspects of Contracts, laws related to contracts, land acquisition, labour safety and welfare, Different types of contracts, their relative advantages and disadvantages, Elements of Tender Preparation, Process of tendering, pre qualifications of contracts, Evaluation of tenders, contract negotiation and award of work, monitoring of contract, settlement of disputes, arbitration and commissioning of project.

Unit-5

Equipment Management: Productivity, operational cost, owning and hiring cost. Construction equipment: Earth moving, Hauling equipment's, Hoisting equipment's, Conveying Equipments, Concrete Production equipment's, Tunneling equipment's.

References Books:

Robert L. Peurifoy, Clifford J., Schexnayder, Aviad Shapira — Construction Planning Equipment and Methods | McGraw Hills Education (India), Private Ltd., New Delhi.
Srinath, L.S., — PERT and CPM Principles and applications | Affiliated East-West Press Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
Patil, B.S., — Civil Engineering Contracts and Estimates | University Press India, Pvt. Ltd. Hyderabad – 500004

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**BTCE 605: PRINCIPLES OF TOWN PLANNING AND
ARCHITECTURE**

Unit- 1

Principles and history of town planning, Comprehensive planning of towns: Contemporary planning concepts, Problems of urban growth. Land use classification and patterns, Housing demographic and social surveys, economic and environmental aspects. Concept of master plan, Zoning and Density. Transportation network and planning. Planning standards for different land use allocation. Role of town planners.

Unit - 2

An overview of ancient human settlements, Evolution of towns: Garden city movement, Linear city and concentric city concepts, Neighbourhood and Radburn, La- cite industrielle, Radiant city to present day planning, Satellite town concepts. Concept of habitat, Neighborhood planning, problems of metropolis.

Unit - 3

Factors influencing architectural development. Impact of development of materials and techniques through ages. Evolution of architectural forms. Brief history of architecture.

Unit - 4

Elements of Architectural Design: Line, Form, Shape, Space, texture, value and colour. Principles of Architectural Design: Balance, Rhythm, Emphasis, Proportion and Scale, Movement, Contrast, Unity, Harmony, Repetition, Hierarchy. Creation of 2 D and 3 D compositions. Role of architects.

Unit - 5

Functional planning of buildings: Occupancy classification of buildings, General requirements of site and building. Building codes, Acts and Bye-laws, Licensing of building works. Functional planning of building such as residential, institutional, public, commercial, industrial buildings-identifying activity areas and linkages, checking for circulation, ventilation, structural requirements and other constraints. Different symbols used in building industry as per NBC and preparing sketch plan, working drawing etc.

References:

1. Sir Banister Fletcher's, A History of Architecture, CBS Publisher.
2. G.K.Hiraskar, Fundamentals of Town Planning, Dhanpat Rai Publications..
3. Percy Brown, Indian architecture (The Islamic Period), D. B. Taraporevala Sons & Co., Bombay.
4. G.K.Hiraskar, Great Ages of World Architecture, Dhanpat Rai Publications.
5. Geoffrey Broadbent, Design in Architecture: Architecture and the Human Sciences, John Wiley & Sons, London.
6. S.C. Agarwala, Architecture and Town Planning, Dhanpat Rai & Co.

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Evaluation Scheme & Syllabus for
Department of Civil Engineering
B.Tech. Fourth Year- VII & VIII Semester
(Effective from session 2025-26)

EVALUATION SCHEME

IV Year Semester VII						
		THEORY		PRACTICAL		TOTAL
SUBJECT CODE	SUBJECT NAME	SESS.(30)	EXT.(70)	SESS.(25)	EXT.(25)	
BTCE-701	Entrepreneurship Development	30	70	NA	NA	100
BTCE-702	Bridge Engineering	30	70	NA	NA	100
BTCE-703	Open Channel Flow	30	70	NA	NA	100
BTCE-704	Design of Steel Structures	30	70	NA	NA	100
BTCE-705	Water Resources Engineering	30	70	NA	NA	100
	Minor Project			25	25	50
	Industrial Training			25	25	50

IV Year Semester VIII						
		THEORY		PRACTICAL		TOTAL
SUBJECT CODE	SUBJECT NAME	SESS.(30)	EXT.(70)	SESS.(25)	EXT.(25)	
BTCE-801	Non-Conventional Energy Resources	30	70	NA	NA	100
BTCE-802	Computer Aided Design	30	70	NA	NA	100
BTCE-803	River Engineering	30	70	NA	NA	100
BTCE-804	Transportation Engineering	30	70	NA	NA	100
	Project			25	25	50

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BTCE 701: ENTREPRENEURSHIP DEVELOPMENT

UNIT - I

Entrepreneurship- definition.growth of small scale industries in developing countries and their positions vis-a-vis large industries; role of small scale industries in the national economy; characteristics and types of small scale industries; demand based and resources based ancillaries and sub-control types.

Government policy for small scale industry; stages in starting a small scale industry.

5
2

UNIT -II

Project identification- assessment of viability, formulation, evaluation, financing, field-study and collection of information, preparation of project report, demand analysis, material balance and output methods, benefit cost analysis, discounted cash flow, internal rate of return and net present value methods.

8

UNIT -III

Accountancy- Preparation of balance sheets and assessment of economic viability, decision making, expected costs, planning and production control, quality control, marketing, industrial relations, sales and purchases, advertisement, wages and incentive, inventory control, preparation of financial reports, accounts and stores studies.

9

UNIT -IV

Project Planning and control:

The financial functions cost of capital approach in project planning and control. Economic evaluation, risk analysis, capital expenditures, policies and practices in public enterprises. Profit planning and programming, planning cash flow, capital expenditure and operations. Control of financial flows, control and communication.

9

UNIT -V

Laws concerning entrepreneur viz, partnership laws, business ownership, sales and income taxes and workman compensation act.

Role of various national and state agencies which render assistance to small scale industrie.s

5
2

Text / Reference Books:

1. Forbat, John, "Entrepreneurship" New AgeInternational.
2. Havinal, Veerbhadrapa, "Management and Entrepreneurship" New Age International
3. Joseph, L. Massod, "Essential of Management", Prentice Hall ofIndia.

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IV Year VII Semester

BTCE 702: BRIDGE ENGINEERING

Unit-1

Site selection, various types of bridges and their suitability, loads, forces and IRC bridge loading and permissible stresses, Design of RC bridges under concentrated loads using effective width and Pigeauds Method,

Unit – 2

Courbon's method of load distribution. Detail design of Reinforced Concrete slab culvert

Unit – 3

T-beam bridge, box culverts,

Unit – 4

Design elements of plate girder, economical section and design.

Unit – 5

Design of piers, pier caps and Abutments, different types of bearings &its design

Text Books :

1. Essentials of Bridge Engineering by D J Victor
2. Limit State Design of Steel Structures by S K Duggal
3. Design of steel Structures by Ramchandra
4. Bridge Engineering by S. Ponnusway
5. Principles & Practices of Bridge Engineering by S.P.Bindra
6. Bridge Engineering (An integrated Treatise) by V.V.S

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BTCE 703: OPEN CHANNEL FLOW

Unit-I

Introduction: Basic concepts of free surface flows, velocity and pressure distribution, Mass, energy and momentum principle for prismatic and non-prismatic channels, Review of Uniform flow: Standard equations, hydraulically efficient channel sections, compound sections, Energy depth relations: Concept of specific energy, specific force, critical flow, critical depth, hydraulic exponents, and channel transitions.

Unit – II

Gradually Varied Flow (GVF): Equation of gradually varied flow and its limitations, flow classification and surface profiles, Control sections, Computation methods and analysis: Integration of varied flow equation by analytical, graphical and advanced numerical methods, Transitions of subcritical and supercritical flow, flow in curved channel

Unit – III

Rapidly Varied Flow (RVF): Characteristics of rapidly varied flow, Classical hydraulic jump, Evaluation of the jump elements in rectangular and non-rectangular channels on horizontal and sloping beds, Hydraulic jump in gradually and suddenly expanding channels, submerged hydraulic jump, rolling and sky jump, use of jump as an energy dissipater, Flow measurement: by sharp crested and broad crested weirs, critical depth flumes, sluice gate, Free overfall.
Rapidly varied unsteady flow: Equation of motion for unsteady flow, “Celerity” of the gravity wave, deep and shallow water waves, open channel positive and negative surge.

Unit-IV

Spatially Varied Flow (SVF): Basic principles, Differential SVF equations for increasing and decreasing discharge, Classifications and solutions, Numerical methods for profile computation, Flow over side-weir and Bottom-rack.

Unit – V

Flow in channel of non-linear alignment and non-prismatic channel sections, Design considerations for sub critical and super critical flows, Design of culvert.

References:

- Chow, V.T., Open channel Hydraulics, McGraw Hill International
- Henderson, F.M., Open Channel Flow, McGraw Hill International
- Subramanya, K., Flow in Open Channels, Tata Mc Graw Hill
- Ranga Raju, K.G., Flow through open channels, T.M.H.
- M. Hanif Chaudhry, Open Channel Flow, PHI

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BTCE 704: DESIGN OF STEEL STRUCTURES

Unit - 1 General Consideration: Introduction, Advantages of Steel as a Structural Material, Disadvantages of Steel as a Structural Material, Structural Steel, Stress-Strain Curve for Mild Steel, Rolled Steel Sections, Convention for Member Axes, Loads, Dead Load, Live Loads, Environmental Loads, Seismic Forces, Snow and Rain Loads, Erection Loads, Basis for Design, Design Philosophies, Local Buckling of Plate Elements.

Introduction to Limit State Design: Introduction, Limit States for Steel Design, Limit States of Strength, Limit States of Serviceability, Actions (Loads), Probabilistic Basis for Design, Design Criteria

Unit -2 Simple Connections--Riveted, Bolted and Pinned Connections: Introduction, Riveted Connections, Patterns of Riveted Joints, Bolted Connections, Types of Bolts, Types of Bolted Joints, Load Transfer Mechanism, Failure of Bolted Joints, Specification for Bolted Joints, Bearing-Type Connections, Prying Action, Tensile Strength of Plate, Efficiency of the Joint, Combined Shear and Tension, Slip-Critical Connections, Combined Shear and Tension for Slip-Critical Connections, Working Load Design, Design of eccentric bolted connections.

Simple Welded Connections: Introduction, Types, Symbols, Welding Process, Weld Defects, Inspection of Welds, Assumptions in the Analysis of Welded Joints, Design of Groove Welds, Design of Fillet Welds, Fillet Weld Applied to the Edge of A Plate Or Section, Fillet Weld for Truss Members, Design of Intermittent Fillet Welds, Plug and Slot Welds, Stresses Due To Individual Forces, Combination of Stresses, Failure of Welds, Distortion of Welded Parts, Fillet Weld Vs Butt Weld, Welded Jointed Vs Bolted and Riveted Joints, Design of eccentric welded connections, Working Load Design.

Unit – 3 Tension Members: Introduction, Types of Tension Members, Net Sectional Area, Effective Net Area, Types of Failure, Design Strength of Tension Members, Slenderness Ratio (λ), Displacement, Design of Tension Member, Lug Angles, Splices, Gusset Plate, Working Load Design.

Unit – 4 Compression Members: Introduction, Effective Length, Slenderness Ratio (λ), Types of Sections, Types of Buckling, Classification of Cross Sections, Column Formula, Design Strength, Design of Axially Loaded Compression Members, Built-Up Columns (Latticed Columns), Lacing, Batten, Compression Member Composed of Two Components Back-to-Back, Splices, Design of Column Bases.

Unit -5 Beams: Introduction, Types of Sections, Behaviour of Beam in Flexure, Section Classification, Lateral Stability of Beams, Lateral-Torsional Buckling, Bending Strength of Beams, Laterally Supported Beams, Laterally Unsupported Beams, Shear Strength of Beams, Web Buckling, Bearing Strength, Web Crippling, Deflection, Design Procedure of Rolled Beams, Built-Up Beams (Plated Beams), Purlins, Beam Bearing Plates, Effect of Holes in Beam, Introduction to Plate Girder , Introduction to Gantry Girder.

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BTCE 705: WATER RESOURCES ENGINEERING

UNIT – I Hydrology: Hydrologic Cycle. Water Budget Equation, Hydrologic system, Precipitation : Types, measurements and analysis, error in estimation, missing data, consistency of rainfall records, Intensity during frequency (IDF) and probabilistic maximum Precipitation (PMP) curves. Evaporation and consumptive use: Process affecting factors, estimation and measurement techniques. Infiltration : Process affecting factors, measurement and estimation, Infiltration Indices.

UNIT – II Surface Runoff: Components and factors affecting runoff, methods of estimation of runoff volume and peak runoff, rating curve, Rainfall – runoff relationships Hydrograph analysis: components, factors affecting hydrographs, base flow separation, Direct Runoff Hydrograph, Unit Hydrograph: Theory and assumptions. Derivation of Unit Hydrograph, Synthetic Unit Hydrograph Introduction to computer models for rainfall runoff analysis. Irrigation: Developments in India, Necessity and types Advantages & disadvantages of irrigation. Functions of water in plant growth, Methods of Irrigation, Water requirement of crops. Irrigation frequency, Irrigation efficiencies, Principal crops and crop season, crop rotation. Canal irrigation: Classes and alignment, Parts of a canal system, Commanded area, curves in channels, channel losses.

UNIT – III Sediment Transportation: Suspended and Bed load and its estimation Irrigation channels: Types: lined and unlined, silt theories: Kennedy's and Lacey's Design procedure for irrigation channels, Longitudinal cross section, Schedule of area statistics and channel dimensions, use of Garret's Diagrams in channel design, cross sections of an Irrigation channel, Computer programs for design of channels Lining of Irrigation Canals: Advantages and types, factors for selection of a particular type, design of lined channels, cross section of lined channels, Economics of canal lining. Water Logging: Definition, effects, causes and anti-water logging measures, Drainage of water logged land, Types of drains open and closed, spacing of closed drains.

UNIT – IV Regulation and control of canal system: Purpose, Types of canal regulation works and their functional aspects Irrigation Outlets: Requirements, types, non-modular, semi-module and rigid module, selection criterion River Training: Objective and need, classification of rivers, and river training works, meandering, stages, methods of river training, bank protection, Methods for measurement of discharge.

UNIT – V Ground Water Hydrology: Zones of underground water, Aquifers and their types, important terms, Determination of discharge through unconfined and confined aquifers with steady flow conditions, Interference among wells, determination of aquifer constants, Well loss and specific capacity, efficiency of a well, types of water wells, bored and open wells, specific yield of a well, Relative merits of well and canal irrigation, type of tube wells, well surrounding and well development, Suitable site selection for a tube well, Types of open wells, Methods of lifting water. Infiltration galleries.

Text Book

1. Irrigation Engg. and Hydraulic Structures by S.K. Garg, Khanna Publishers.
2. Irrigation and water Power engineering by B.C. Punmia, Laxmi Publications.
3. Engineering Hydrology by K. Subramanya, TMH.
4. Irrigation Water Power and Water Resource Engg. by K.R. Arrora.
5. Water resource engineering by Ralph A. Wurbs & Wesley P. James, Pearson Publication.

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BTCE 801: NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY RESOURCES

Unit-I Introduction: Various non-conventional energy resources- Introduction, availability, classification, relative merits and demerits.

Solar Cells: Theory of solar cells. Solar cell materials, solar cell array, solar cell power plant, limitations.

UNIT-II Solar Thermal Energy: Solar radiation, flat plate collectors and their materials, applications and performance, focusing of collectors and their materials, applications and performance; solar thermal power plants, thermal energy storage for solar heating and cooling, limitations.

UNIT-III Geothermal Energy: Resources of geothermal energy, thermodynamics of geo-thermal energy conversion-electrical conversion, non-electrical conversion, environmental considerations. Magneto-hydrodynamics (MHD): Principle of working of MHD Power plant, performance and limitations.

Fuel Cells: Principle of working of various types of fuel cells and their working, performance and limitations.

UNIT-IV Thermo-electrical and thermionic Conversions: Principle of working, performance and limitations.

Wind Energy: Wind power and its sources, site selection, criterion, momentum theory, classification of rotors, concentrations and augments, wind characteristics. performance and limitations of energy conversion systems.

UNIT-V Bio-mass: Availability of bio-mass and its conversion theory

Ocean Thermal Energy Conversion (OTEC): Availability, theory and working principle,

Performance and limitations of energy.

Availability, theory and working principle, performance and limitations.

Wave and Tidal Wave: Principle of working, performance and limitations. Waste Recycling Plants.

Text/References Books:

- Raja etal, "Introduction to Non-Conventional Energy Resources" ScitechPublications.
- John Twideu and Tony Weir, "Renewal Energy Resources" BSP Publications,2006.
- M.V.R. KoteswaraRao, "Energy Resources: Conventional & Non-Conventional " BSP Publications,2006.
- D.S. Chauhan,"Non-conventional Energy Resources" New Age International.
- C.S.Solanki, " Renewal energy technologies: A Practical guide for beginners" PHI Learning.

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BTCE-802 WATERRESOURCE SYSTEM

Unit I

Concept of System & System Analysis: Definition and types of a system, System Approach and analysis, Basic Problems in System Analysis.

Unit-II

System Techniques in Water Resources: Optimization using calculus, Linear programming, Dynamic programming and Simulation, Combination of Simulation and Optimization.

Unit-III

Economic Considerations in Water Resources Systems: Basics of Engineering Economics, Economic Analysis, Conditions of project optimality, Benefit-cost Analysis

Unit- IV

Multi-objective Planning: Non-inferior solutions, Plan Formulation & Plan Selection.

Unit V

Applications of Linear Programming: Irrigation water allocation for single and multiple crops, Multi-reservoir system for irrigation Planning, Reservoir operation for Irrigation and Hydro-power Optimization **Application of Dynamic Programming:** Optimal crop water allocation, Steady State, Reservoir Operation policy for Irrigation.

Books Recommended:

1. Ossenbruggen, P. J. – System Analysis for Civil Engineering, John Wiley, New York
2. Taha, H. – Operational Research-An Introduction, Vth Edn, Prentice Hall.
3. Loucks, D. P., Stedinger, and Haith, D. A. – Water Resources Systems Planning & Analysis, Prentice Hall.
4. Jain, S. K. and Singh, V. P. – Water Resources Systems Planning & Management, Elsevier, Amsterdam
5. Water Resource System by Subhash Chander & Rajesh k Prasad
6. Water Resource System by PR Bhave

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BTCE 803: RIVER ENGINEERING

Unit -I

Introduction, classification of Rivers, Mechanics of alluvial rivers including channel and flood plain features, Sediment transport and budgets, River morphology and various classification schemes. 8

Unit –II

Behaviour of Rivers: Introduction, River Channel patterns, Straight river channels, causes, characteristics and shapes of meanders and control, cutoff, Braided Rivers, Bed forms, Instability of rivers, Hydraulic geometry, Delta formation and control.

Unit-III

Mechanics of Alluvial Rivers, Rivers and restoration structures, Socio-cultural influences and ethics of stream restoration.

Unit-IV

Bio-engineering Techniques, Classification review, Natural Channel Design Analysis, Time Series, Analysis of flow, Sediment and channel geometry data.

Unit-V

River Training and Protection Works: Introduction, Classification of River Training, Types of training works, Protection for Bridges with reduced waterway, Design of Guide Band, embankment and spurs/dampers and other river/ flood protection works.

Textbook:

1. River Behaviour Management and Training (Vol. I & II), CBI&P, New Delhi.
2. Irrigation & Water Power Engineering- B. C. Punmia and Pande B. B. Lal.
3. River Engineering by Margeret Peterson

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BTCE 804: TRANSPORTATION ENGINEERING

UNIT –I Introduction, Permanent Way and Components:

History and administrative setup of Indian Railways; Rails, Type of rails, rail gauges, permanent way formation, – functions, requirements, sections in embankment and cutting (single/double track), electrified tracks, locomotives, wheel and axle arrangement, coning of wheels, defect in rails, rail fastenings, Fish plates, spikes, chairs, keys, bearing plates. sleepers, Timber, steel, cast iron, concrete and prestressed concrete sleepers, sleeper density, ballast: material, specifications.

UNIT-II Track Geometrics, Turnouts and Crossings, Stations and Yards:

Railway alignment, vertical alignment – gradients and grade effects, horizontal alignment – horizontal curves, super-elevation, concepts of cant excess and deficiency, safe permissible speed, transition curves, widening of gauges and track clearances, points and crossings – terminologies, types of turnouts, design of turnouts, types of crossings, design of crossings. Different types of stations and Yards: classification and functioning.

UNIT –III Signalling and Interlocking, Urban Railways:

Classification of Signals, method of train working, absolute block system, Centralized train control system, ATS, interlocking of track, principle of interlocking, types of interlocking, high speed track – track requirement, speed limitations, high speed technologies, Urban railway-railway system in urban areas.

UNIT – 4 Introduction to Airport Engineering:

Air craft characteristics affecting airport planning & design, selection of site for an airport. Airports - layout and orientation, Runway and taxiway design consideration and geometric design. Airport drainage management, Zoning laws, Visual aids and air traffic control, Runway lighting, Runway operation Helipads, hangers, service equipment.

UNIT – 5 Water Transport:

Harbours and ports, Types of Harbours; Harbours - layouts, shipping lanes, anchoring, location identification; Littoral transport with erosion and deposition; sounding methods; Dry and Wet docks, components and operational Tidal data and analyses.
Inland waterways: advantages and disadvantages; Development in India. Inland water operation.

Text Books

1. A Text Book of Railway Engineering by S. P. Arora & S.C.Saxena
2. Railway Engineering by M. M. Aggrawal.

